

User Manual

1-phase Hybrid Inverter

SH3.0RS/SH3.6RS/SH4.0RS/SH5.0RS/SH6.0RS/SH5.0RS-ADA/SH6.0RS-ADA



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About This Manual

The manual mainly contains the product information, as well as guidelines for installation, operation, and maintenance. The manual does not include complete information about the photovoltaic (PV) system. Readers can get additional information at **www.sungrowpower. com** or on the webpage of the respective component manufacturer.

Validity

This manual is valid for the following model of low-power grid-connected PV string inverters:

- SH3.0RS
- SH3.6RS
- SH4.0RS
- SH5.0RS
- SH6.0RS
- SH5.0RS-ADA
- SH6.0RS-ADA

It will be referred to as "inverter" hereinafter unless otherwise specified.

Target Group

This manual is intended for professional technicians who are responsible for installation, operation, and maintenance of inverters, and users who need to check inverter parameters. The inverter must only be installed by professional technicians. The professional technician is required to meet the following requirements:

- Know electronic, electrical wiring and mechanical expertise, and be familiar with electrical and mechanical schematics.
- Have received professional training related to the installation and commissioning of electrical equipment.
- Be able to quickly respond to hazards or emergencies that occur during installation and commissioning.
- Be familiar with local standards and relevant safety regulations of electrical systems.
- Read this manual thoroughly and understand the safety instructions related to operations.

How to Use This Manual

Please read this manual carefully before using the product and keep it properly at a place for easy access.

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Contents of this manual may be periodically updated or revised, and the actual product purchased shall prevail. Users can obtain the latest manual from **support.sungrowpower.com** or sales channels.

Symbols

This manual contains important safety instructions, which are highlighted with the following symbols, to ensure personal and property safety during usage, or to help optimize the product performance in an efficient way.

Please carefully understand the meaning of these warning symbols to better use the manual.

DANGER

Indicates high-risk potential hazards that, if not avoided, may lead to death or serious injury.

A WARNING

Indicates moderate-risk potential hazards that, if not avoided, may lead to death or serious injury.

CAUTION

Indicates low-risk potential hazards that, if not avoided, may lead to minor or moderate injury.

NOTICE

Indicates potential risks that, if not avoided, may lead to device malfunctions or financial losses.



"NOTE" indicates additional information, emphasized contents or tips that may be helpful, e.g., to help you solve problems or save time.

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1 Safety Instructions

When installing, commissioning, operating, and maintaining the product, strictly observe the labels on the product and the safety requirements in the manual. Incorrect operation or work may cause:

- Injury or death to the operator or a third party.
- Damage to the product and other properties.

A WARNING

- Do not operate the product and cables (including but not limited to moving the product, installing the product, operating the product and cables, powering up the product, maintaining the product, and working at heights) in harsh weather conditions such as lightning, rain, snow, and level 6 or stronger wind.
- In case of fire, evacuate from the building or product area and call the fire alarm.
 Re-entry into the burning area is strictly prohibited under any circumstances.

NOTICE

- Tighten the screws with the specified torque using tools when fastening the product and terminals. Otherwise, the product may be damaged. And the damage caused is not covered by the warranty.
- Learn how to use tools correctly before using them to avoid hurting people or damaging the device.
- Maintain the device with sufficient knowledge of this manual and use proper tools.
 - The safety instructions in this manual are only supplements and cannot cover all the precautions that should be followed. Perform operations considering actual onsite conditions.
 - SUNGROW shall not be held liable for any damage caused by violation of general safety operation requirements, general safety standards, or any safety instruction in this manual.
 - When installing, operating, and maintaining the product, comply with local laws and regulations. The safety precautions in this manual are only supplements to local laws and regulations.

1

1.1 Unpacking and Inspection

WARNING

Check all safety signs, warning labels and nameplates on devices. Ensure that the safety signs, warning labels and nameplates must be clearly visible and cannot be removed or covered before the device is decommissioned.

NOTICE

After receiving the product, check whether the appearance and structural parts of the device are damaged, and check whether the packing list is consistent with the actual ordered product. If there are problems with the above inspection items, do not install the device and contact your distributor first. If the problem persists, contact SUNGROW in time.

1.2 Installation Safety

DANGER

- Make sure there is no electrical connection before installation.
- Before drilling, avoid the water and electricity wiring in the wall.

ACAUTION

Improper installation may cause personal injury!

- If the product supports hoisting transport and is hoisted by hoisting tools, no one is allowed to stay under the product.
- When moving the product, be aware of the product weight and keep the balance to prevent it from tilting or falling.

NOTICE

Before operating the product, must check and ensure that tools to be used have been maintained regularly.

1.3 Electrical Connection Safety

A DANGER

Before electrical connections, please make sure that the inverter is not damaged, otherwise it may cause danger!

Before electrical connections, please make sure that the inverter switch and all switches connected to the inverter are set to "OFF", otherwise electric shock may occur!

A DANGER

The PV string will generate lethal high voltage when exposed to sunlight.

- Operators must wear proper personal protective equipment during electrical connections.
- Must ensure that cables are voltage-free with a measuring instrument before touching DC cables.
- Respect all safety instructions listed in relevant documents about PV strings.

A DANGER

Danger to life due to a high voltage inside the inverter!

- Be sure to use special insulation tools during cable connections.
- Note and observe the warning labels on the product, and perform operations strictly following the safety instructions.
- Respect all safety instructions listed in this manual and other pertinent documents.

A DANGER

If the battery is short-circuited, the instantaneous current will be excessively high and a large amount of energy will be released, which may cause fire and personal injury.

Disconnect the battery from all voltage sources prior to performing any work on the battery.

Lethal voltages are present at the battery terminals and cables connecting to the inverter. Severe injuries or death may occur if the cables and terminals in the inverter are touched.

Observe all safety information provided by the battery manufacturer.

A WARNING

Damage to the product caused by incorrect wiring is not covered by the warranty.

- Electrical connection must be performed by professionals.
- Please use measuring devices with an appropriate range. Overvoltage can damage the measuring device and cause personal injury.
- All cables used in the PV generation system must be firmly attached, properly insulated, and adequately dimensioned.
- Do not damage the ground conductor. Do not operate the product in the absence of a properly installed ground conductor. Otherwise, it may cause personal injury or product damage.

A WARNING

Check the positive and negative polarity of the PV strings, and connect the PV connectors to corresponding terminals only after ensuring polarity correctness. During the installation and operation of the inverter, please ensure that the positive or negative poles of PV strings do not short-circuit to the ground. Otherwise, an AC or DC short-circuit may occur, resulting in equipment damage. The damage caused by this is not covered by the warranty.

The interfaces of the battery in the system must be compatible with the inverter. The entire battery voltage range must be completely within the permissible range of the inverter, and the battery voltage shall not exceed the maximum permissible DC input voltage of the inverter.

NOTICE

- Comply with the safety instructions related to PV strings and the regulations related to the local grid.
- Install the external protective grounding cable first when performing electrical connection and remove the external protective grounding cable last when removing the inverter.

1.4 Operation Safety

A DANGER

When routing cables, ensure a distance of at least 30 mm between the cables and heat-generating components or areas to protect the insulation layer of cables from aging and damage.

When the product is working:

- Do not touch the product enclosure.
- It is strictly forbidden to plug and unplug any connector on the inverter.
- Do not touch any wiring terminal of the inverter. Otherwise, electric shock may occur.
- Do not disassemble any parts of the inverter. Otherwise, electric shock may occur.
- It is strictly forbidden to touch any hot parts of the inverter (such as the heat sink). Otherwise, it may cause burns.
- Do not connect or remove any battery. Otherwise, electric shock may occur.
- Do not connect or remove any PV string or any PV module in a string. Otherwise, electric shock may occur.
- If the inverter is equipped with a DC switch, do not operate it. Otherwise, it may cause device damage or personal injury.

1.5 Maintenance Safety

A DANGER

Risk of inverter damage or personal injury due to incorrect service!

- Before maintenance, disconnect the AC circuit breaker on the grid side and then the DC switch. If a fault that may cause personal injury or device damage is found before maintenance, disconnect the AC circuit breaker and wait until the night before operating the DC switch. Otherwise, a fire inside the product or an explosion may occur, causing personal injuries.
- After the inverter is powered off for, measure the voltage and current with professional instrument. Only when there is no voltage nor current can operators who wear protective equipment operate and maintain the inverter.
- Even if the inverter is shut down, it may still be hot and cause burns. Wear protective gloves before operating the inverter after it cools down.

DANGER

Touching the power grid or the contact points and terminals on the inverter connected to the power grid may lead to electric shock!

• The power grid side may generate voltage. Always use a standard voltmeter to ensure that there is no voltage before touching.

To prevent misuse or accidents caused by unrelated personnel, post prominent warning signs or demarcate safety warning areas around the product.

NOTICE

To avoid the risk of electric shock, do not perform any other maintenance operations beyond those described in this manual. If necessary, contact your distributor first. If the problem persists, contact SUNGROW. Otherwise, the losses caused is not covered by the warranty.

NOTICE

- If the paint on the inverter enclosure falls or rusts, repair it in time. Otherwise, the inverter performance may be affected.
- Do not use cleaning agents to clean the inverter. Otherwise, the inverter may be damaged, and the loss caused is not covered by the warranty.
- As the inverter contains no parts that can be maintained, never open the enclosure of the inverter or replace any internal components without authorization. Otherwise, the loss caused is not covered by the warranty.

1.6 Disposal Safety

A WARNING

Please scrap the product in accordance with relevant local regulations and standards to avoid property losses or casualties.

2 **Product Description**

2.1 System Introduction

The inverter is a transformerless 1-phase hybrid inverter. As an integral component in the power system, the inverter is designed to convert the direct current power generated from the PV modules or batteries into grid-compatible AC current and feeds the AC current to the utility grid.

The 1-phase hybrid inverters are applicable to both on-grid and off-grid PV systems. With the integrated Energy Management System (EMS), they can control and optimize the energy flow so as to increase the self-consumption of the system.

A WARNING

- The inverter must only be operated with PV strings with class II protection in accordance with IEC 61730, application class A. It is not allowed for the positive pole or the negative pole of the PV strings to be grounded. This can cause the inverter to be destroyed.
- Damages to the product due to a faulty or damaged PV installation are not covered by warranty.
- Any use other than the one described in this document is not permitted.
- During the installation and operation of the inverter, please ensure that the positive or negative polarities of PV strings and those of batteries do not short-circuit to the ground. Otherwise, an AC or DC short-circuit may occur, resulting in equipment damage. The damage caused by this is not covered by the warranty.
- Do not short-circuit the Backup port during operation. Otherwise, the inverter or power distribution system will be seriously damaged. The loss is not covered by the SUNGROW warranty.
- Do not connect any local load between the inverter and the AC circuit breaker.

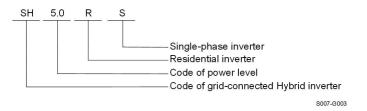
NOTICE

- For the TT utility grid, the N line voltage to ground must be 30 V or less.
- The utility grid must be a TN system for the off-grid application.
- The system is not suitable for supplying life-sustaining medical devices. It cannot guarantee backup power in all circumstances.
- The inverter applies only to the scenarios described in this manual.

2.2 **Product Introduction**

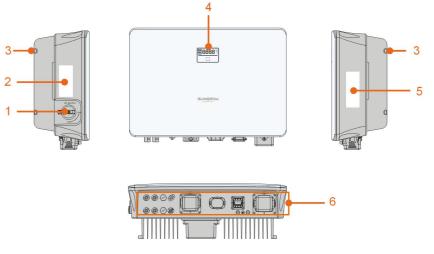
Model Description

The model description is as follows (take SH5.0RS as an example):



Appearance

The following figure shows the appearance of the inverter. The image shown here is for reference only. The actual product received may differ.



S007-G004

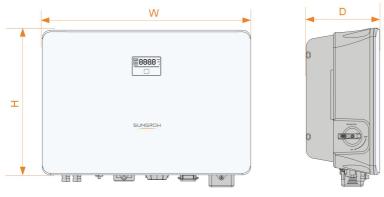
figure 2-1 Inverter Appearance

No.	Name	Description	
1	DC switch	To safely disconnect the DC circuit whenever necessary.	
		Information about COM2 pin definition, supported DRM	
2 Label	modes, etc.		
3	Hanger	To hang the inverter on the wall-mounting bracket.	
		The LED screen indicates the running information and the	
4	LED pannel	LED indicator indicates the current working state of the	
		inverter.	

No.	Name	Description		
		To clearly identify the product, including device model, S/N,		
5 Nameplate		important specifications, marks of certification institutions,		
		etc.		
6	Electrical connec-	PV terminals, battery terminal, AC terminal, additional		
	tion area	grounding terminal and communication terminals.		

Dimensions

The following figure shows the dimensions of the inverter.



S007-G005

figure 2-2 Dimensions of the Inverter

Inverter Model	W (mm)	H (mm)	D (mm)
SH3.0RS / SH3.6RS / SH4.0RS / SH5.0RS			
/ SH6.0RS / SH5.0RS—ADA / SH6.0RS—	490	340	170
ADA			

2.3 Symbols on the Product

Symbol	Explanation		
PV	Parameters on the PV side.		
BAT	Parameters on the battery side.		
AC-Grid	Parameters on the AC on-grid side.		
AC-Backup	Parameters on the AC backup side.		
	Regulatory compliance mark.		
	TÜV mark of conformity.		

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Symbol	Explanation		
CE	CE mark of conformity.		
UK CA	UKCA mark of conformity.		
×	The inverter does not have a transformer.		
X	Do not dispose of the inverter together with household waste.		
\bigwedge	Disconnect the inverter from all the external power sources be- fore maintenance!		
	Read the user manual before maintenance!		
	Burn danger due to the hot surface that may exceed 60°C.		
	Danger to life due to high voltages!		
	Do not touch live parts for 10 minutes after disconnection from		
	the power sources.		
	Only qualified personnel can open and maintain the inverter.		
	Additional grounding point.		

* The table shown here is for reference only. The actual product received may differ.

2.4 LED Panel

The LED panel with a display screen and an indicator is on the front of the inverter.



figure 2-3 LED Panel

(a) Normal state

(b) Error state

No.	Name	Description	
1	E-day	Today's energy yield	
2	Pac	Real-time AC output power	

No.	Name	Description	
3	SOC	Battery SOC (State of Charge)	
		To indicate the working state of the inverter.	
4 4 indicator	Touch it to switch the information in normal state or view multiple		
	Indicator	error codes in error state.	
5	Error code	The error code in the figure is just an example.	

- In normal state, the E-day, Pac and SOC information will be displayed alternately. Also you can touch the LED indicator to switch the information.
- In error state, touch the LED indicator to view multiple error codes.
- If there is no operation for 5 minutes, the display screen will be off. Touch the LED indicator to activate it.

LED color	State	Definition
	On	The inverter is operating normally.
Blue	Flashing	The inverter is at standby or startup state (not feeding power into the grid).
	On	A system fault has occured.
Red		
	Off	Both the AC and DC sides are powered down.
Gray		

table 2-1 State description of the LED indicator

A WARNING

Voltage may still be present in AC side circuits after the indicator is off. Pay attention to the electricity safety during operating.

2.5 DC Switch

The DC-Switch is used to disconnect or connect the PV-DC circuit when AC is turned off or DC current is below 0,5A.

The inverter operates automatically when input and output requirements are met. Rotate the DC switch to the "OFF" position to stop the inverter when a fault occurs. When you need to stop the inverter normally please first turn off AC and shut down the hybrid via app.



Turn the DC switch to the "ON" position before restarting the inverter.

2.6 PV Energy Storage System (PV ESS)

NOTICE

When designing the system, ensure that the operating ranges of all devices that are connected to the inverter meet the requirements of the inverter.

2.6.1 PV Energy Storage System (PV ESS)

The following figure shows inverter application in a PV energy storage system.

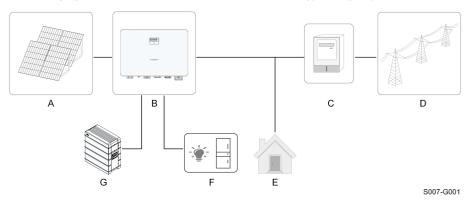
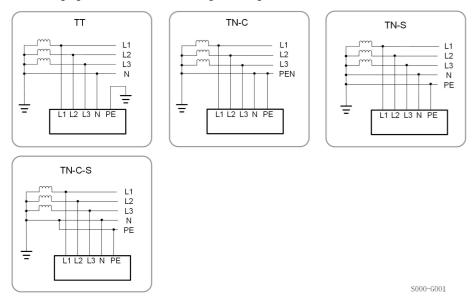


figure 2-4 PV Energy Storage System

Item	Description	Note	
•	PV strings	Compatible with monocrystalline silicon, polycrystalline sili-	
A		con, and thin-film modules without grounding.	
Б	Inverter	SH3.0RS, SH3.6RS, SH4.0RS, SH5.0RS, SH6.0RS,	
В		SH5.0RS-ADA, SH6.0RS-ADA.	
С	Metering device	Meter cupboard with power distribution system.	
D	Utility grid	TT,TN-C,TN-S, TN-C-S.	
E	Loads	Common loads, which will be lack of power when grid is	
		blackout.	
F	Protected house	Loads, connected to inverter backup port, which need unin-	
Г	loads	terrupted power supply.	
G	Battery (optional)	A Li-ion battery.	



The following figure shows the common grid configurations.

2.6.2 Declaration For Back-Up Function

A DANGER

This product is not suitable for supplying power to life-sustaining medical devices since power outages may result in danger to life.

The following statement involves SUNGROW general policies about the hybrid inverters described in this document.

- 1 For hybrid inverters, the electrical installation typically includes connection of the inverter to both PV modules and batteries. If there is no available power from batteries or PV modules in backup mode, the backup power supply will be automatically terminated. SUNGROW shall hold no liability for any consequences arising from failing to observe this instruction.
- 2 Normally, the Back-Up switching time is less than 10 ms. However, some external factors or local regulations may cause the system to fail on Back-Up mode. Therefore, the users must be aware of conditions and follow the instructions as below:
- Do not connect loads that are dependent on a stable energy supply for a reliable operation.
- Do not connect the loads whose total capacity is greater than the maximum Back-Up capacity.
- Do not connect the loads that may cause very high start-up current surges, such as airconditioner, high-power pump, vacuum cleaner, and hair drier.
- Due to the condition of the battery itself, battery current might be limited by some factors, including but not limited to the temperature and weather.

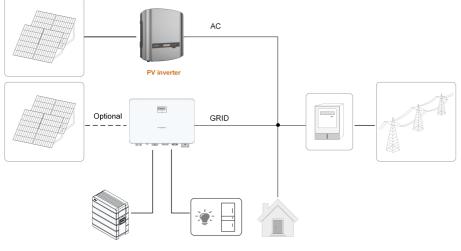


Declaration For Back-Up Overload Protection

The inverter will restart in case of overload protection. The time required for restarting will increase (10 min at most) if overload protection repeats. Try to reduce Back-Up load power within maximum limitation or remove the loads which may cause very high start-up current surges.

2.7 Retrofitting the Existing PV System

The hybrid inverter is compatible with any single-phase PV grid-connected inverters. An existing PV system can be retrofitted to be a PV ESS with the addition of the hybrid inverter. The power generation from the existing PV inverter will be firstly provided to the loads and then charge the battery. With the energy management function of the hybrid inverter, the self-consumption of the new system will be greatly improved.

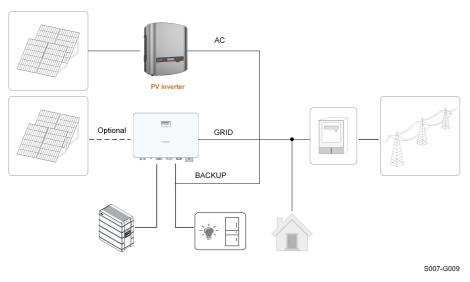


Retrofit the Existing PV Inverter(s) to the Hybrid Inverter On-grid Port

S007-G007

figure 2-5 Retrofit the Existing PV Inverter(s) to the Hybrid Inverter On-grid Port

The AC terminal of the PV inverter and the GRID terminal of the hybrid inverter are combined to the grid.



Retrofit the Existing PV Inverter(s) to the Hybrid Inverter Off-grid Port

figure 2-6 Retrofit the Existing PV Inverter(s) to the Hybrid Inverter Off-grid Port

The off-grid port retrofits the existing PV system in order to maximize the use of PV energy by allowing the PV inverter to work even when off-grid.

The AC terminal of the PV inverter and the BACK-UP terminal of the hybrid inverter are combined to the backup loads.

The PV inverter power cannot exceed the nominal power of the hybrid inverter .

- In zero-export scenario, the hybrid inverter can only ensure no power exported to grid itself but does not ensure zero-export for the PV inverter. Please contact the PV inverter manufacturer for its zero-export solution.
- PV modules for hybrid inverter are optional.

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3 Function Description

3.1 Safety Function

3.1.1 Protection

Several protective functions are integrated in the inverter, including short circuit protection, grounding insulation resistance surveillance, residual current protection, anti-islanding protection, DC overvoltage / over-current protection, etc.

3.1.2 Earth Fault Alarm

The device gives an alarm if there is a grounding fault. If the AC side is poorly grounded or not grounded, the buzzer rings, and the LED indicator turns red.

3.2 Energy Conversion and Management

The inverter converts the DC power from the PV array or the battery to the AC power, in conformity with the grid requirements. It also transmits the DC power from the PV panel to the battery.

With the bidirectional converter integrated inside, the inverter can charge or discharge the battery.

Multiple string MPP trackers are used to maximize the power from PV strings with different orientations, tilts, or module structures.

3.2.1 Power Derating

Power derating is a way to protect the inverter from overload or potential faults. In addition, the derating function can also be activated following the requirements of the utility grid. Situations requiring inverter power derating are:

- over-temperature (including ambient temperature and module temperature)
- high input voltage
- grid under-voltage
- grid over-voltage
- grid over-frequency
- power factor (when values out of the rated values)

3.2.2 DRM ("AU"/"NZ")

The inverter provides a terminal block for connecting to a demand response enabling device (DRED). The DRED asserts demand response modes (DRMs). The inverter detects and initiates a response to all supported demand response commands within 2s. The following table lists the DRMs supported by the inverter.

Mode	Explanation
DRM0	The inverter is in the state of "Turn off".
DRM1	The import power from the grid is 0.
DRM2	The import power from the grid is no more than 50 $\%$ of the rated power.
DRM3	The import power from the grid is no more than 75 $\%$ of the rated power.
DRM4	The import power from the grid is 100 % of the rated power, but subject to
	the constraints from other active DRMs.
DRM5	The feed-in power to the grid is 0.
DRM6	The feed-in power to the grid is no more than 50 % of the rated power.
DRM7	The feed-in power to the grid is no more than 75 % of the rated power.
DRM8	The feed-in power to the grid is 100 % of the rated power, but subject to
	the constraints from other active DRMs.

table 3-1 Demand Response Modes (DRMs)

The DRED may assert more than one DRM at a time. The following shows the priority order in response to multiple DRMs.

Multiple Modes	Priority Order
DRM1DRM4	DRM1 > DRM2 > DRM3 > DRM4
DRM5DRM8	DRM5 > DRM6 > DRM7 > DRM8

3.2.3 Regular Operational Voltage Range

The inverters can operate within the allowable voltage range for at least the specified observation time. The setting of the conditions depends on whether the connection is due to a normal operational start-up or an automatic reconnection after disconnection from grid. When the voltage level is out of the operational and protection levels, the inverter will disconnect within the specified time from the grid. If a disturbance lasts longer than the required

protection time, the inverter can reconnect to the grid once the voltage level goes back to normal levels after the disturbance.

3.2.4 Regular Operational Frequency Range

The inverter can operate within its frequency range for at least the specified observation time. The setting of conditions depends on whether the connection is due to a normal operational start-up or an automatic reconnection after disconnection from grid.

When the frequency level is outside the operational and protection levels, the inverter will disconnect from the grid. If a disturbance lasts longer than the required protection time, the



inverter can reconnect to the grid once the frequency level goes back to normal levels after the disturbance.

3.2.5 Reactive Power Regulation

The inverter is capable of operating in reactive power regulation modes for the purpose of providing support to the grid. The reactive power regulation mode can be set via the iSolar-Cloud App.

3.3 Battery Management

Li-ion battery from SUNGROW and BYD are compatible with the PV ESS , further battery models will be made compatible in the furture.

The currently supported battery brands and models are shown in the following table.

Brand	Model	Firmware Version	
SUN-	SBR096/128/160/192	≥ SBRBCU-S 22011.01.05	
GROW	SBR090/120/100/192	2 3BRBC0-3_22011.01.03	
	Battery-Box Premium HVS 5.1, 7.7,	Battery management system (BMS) version ≥ 3.16	
	10.2		
BYD	Battery-Box Premium HVM 8.3, 11.0,	Battery management unit (BMU) ver-	
	13.8, 16.6, 19.3, 22.1	sion ≥ 3.7	



The table is continually updated. If the battery model is not in the table, consult SUNGROW if it is supported.

To maximize the battery life, the inverter will perform battery charge, discharge, and battery maintenance based on the battery status communicated by the BMS.

NOTICE

The recommended parameters listed in this section may be updated or revised due to product development. Please refer to the manual supplied by the battery manufacturer for the latest information.

State Definition

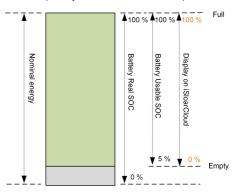
In order to avoid overcharging or deep discharging of the battery, three battery statuses according to different voltage ranges has been defined, as shown in the following table.

Туре	Port Voltage / SOC		
Type	Empty	Normal	Full
SUNGROW			
(SBR096/128/160/	SOC < 5 %	5 %100 %	SOC = 100 %
192)		(by default)	
BYD (Battery-Box		E % 100 %)	
Premium HVM /	SOC < 5 %	5 %100 %)	SOC = 100 %
HVS)		(by default)	

table 3-2 Battery Status Definition

SUNGROW

BYD (Battery-Box Premium HVM / HVS)



The SOC limits of Li-ion batteries can be modified via the iSolarCloud App by qualified personnel.

NOTICE

If the battery has not been used or fully charged for a long time, it is recommended to fully charge the battery manually every 15 days to ensure battery life and performance.

3.3.1 Charge Management

Backup Charge Management

The emergency charge management function is to protect the battery from the damage caused by long time excessive discharge. The inverter cannot respond to discharge command during emergency charge. The following tables describe the emergency charge conditions for different types of batteries.

table 3-3 Backu	p Charge Management for Li-ion Battery	/

Status	Conditions	
	Either of the following conditions is met:	
Trigger	• SOC \leq (Min. SOC) – 3% (valid only when the Min. SOC is \geq 3 %).	
nggei	A battery under-voltage warning is triggered.	
	An emergency charge command is reported to the inverter.	
	All the following conditions are met:	
Finish	• SOC \geq (Min. SOC) – 1% (valid only when the Min. SOC is \geq 3 %).	
FINISH	The battery under-voltage warning is cleared.	
	The emergency charge command reported to the inverter is cleared.	

table 3-4 Default SOC Conditions for Li-ion Battery Backup Charge

Туре	Trigger SOC	Finishing SOC
SUNGROW	SOC ≤ 2 %	SOC ≥ 4 %
BYD (Battery-Box Premium HVM / HVS)	SOC ≤ 2 %	SOC ≥ 4 %

Normal Charge Management

When the battery voltage is within the normal range, the inverter can charge the battery if the PV power is higher than the load power and can ensure that the battery is never overcharged.

The maximum allowable charge current is limited to the smaller value among the following:

- the maximum charge current of the inverter (30A);
- the maximum / recommended charge current from the battery manufacturer.

For this reason, the battery charge power may not reach the nominal power.



- If the PV voltage is higher than the upper limit value of MPP voltage(560 V), the battery cannot charge.
- The hybrid inverter will start to charge the battery when the export power value exceeds a pre-defined threshold value of 70 W.

3.3.2 Discharge Management

Discharge management can effectively protect the battery from deep discharging.

The maximum allowable discharge current is limited to the smaller value among the following:

- the maximum discharge current of the inverter (30A);
- the maximum / recommended discharge current from the battery manufacturer.

f

For this reason, the battery discharge power may not reach the nominal power.

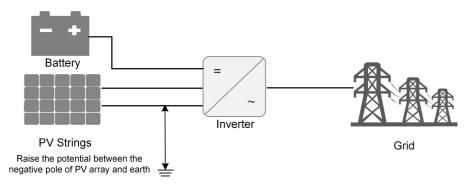
- If the PV voltage is higher than the upper limit value of MPP voltage(560 V), the battery cannot discharge.
- The hybrid system will start to discharge the battery when the import power value exceeds a threshold value of 70 W.

3.4 PID Recovery Function

The inverter is equipped with PID phenomenon recovery function to improve the PV power generation. During the power generation process, the inverter could carry out a main Anti-PID function without any influence to the grid side thanks to a particular technology.

· P-type panels

The PID recovery function only applies to P-type panels. When it is enabled, the inverter rises the potential between the negative pole of PV arrays of P-type panels and the ground through PID module, to recover the PID effect.







The PID recovery function is inapplicable to N-type panel, please disable it;

About 20W is consumed during PID recovery at night.

DANGER

Keep the DC switch "ON" in the PID recovery process. During the process, there is voltage hazard between inverter / PV module live conductors and ground. Do not touch any of them.

3.5 Communication and Configuration

The inverter possesses various ports for device and system monitoring, including RS485, Ethernet, WLAN, and CAN; various parameters can be configured for optimal operation. The inverter information is accessible through the iSolarCloud App.

3.6 Import Power Limit Function

Import power means the total power purchased from grid, which includes power to charge the battery from grid via inverter, power consumed by local loads and loads connected to inverter backup port from grid. Following local regulations, calculate the maximum system tolerable power based on the wire and circuit breaker that required by the selected model, and the value can be set as the **Import Power Limit**.**Import Power Limit** can be set on the iSolarCloud App.

4 Unpacking and Storage

4.1 Unpacking and Inspection

The product is thoroughly tested and strictly inspected before delivery. Nonetheless, damage may still occur during shipping. For this reason, please conduct a thorough inspection after receiving the product.

- Check the packing case for any visible damage.
- · Check the scope of delivery for completeness according to the packing list.
- · Check the inner contents for damage after unpacking.

Contact SUNGROW or the transport company in case of any damage or incompleteness, and provide photos to facilitate services.

Do not dispose of the original packing case. It is recommended to store the device in the original packing case when the product is decommissioned.

NOTICE

After receiving the product, check whether the appearance and structural parts of the device are damaged, and check whether the packing list is consistent with the actual ordered product. If there are problems with the above inspection items, do not install the device and contact your distributor first. If the problem persists, contact SUNGROW in time.

If any tool is used for unpacking, be careful not to damage the product.

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4.2 Scope of Delivery



figure 4-1 Scope of delivery

ltem	Name	Quantity
А	Inverter	1
В	Wall-mounting bracket *	1
С	Expansion plug set	3
D	M4×16 screws set	2
E	Backup connector set	2
F	PV connectors	2
G	Crimp contact	2
Н	Battery connector *	2
I	Grid connector	1
J	COM connector set	1
К	WiNet-S module	1
L	OT terminal *	1
М	Single-phase Meter **	1
N	Smart Energy Meter **	1
0	Current Transformer(CT) ***	2
Р	Meter RS485 cable	1
Q	Cord end terminals (for COM2) *	_
R	120Ω resistor	2
S	Documents	1

* The images shown here are for reference. The actual product and quantity are based on delivery.

** SH3.0-6.0RS adapts to single-phase meter, SH5.0/6.0RS-ADA adapts to DTSU666-20 smart energy meter.

*** Only SH5.0/6.0RS-ADA equipped with CT. The specifications are 100A/0.333V.

4.3 Inverter Storage

Proper storage is required if the inverter is not installed immediately.

- Store the inverter in the original packing case with the desiccant inside.
- The storage temperature must be always between -30°C and +70°C, and the storage relative humidity must be always between 0 and 95 %, non-condensing.
- In case of stacking storage, the number of stacking layers should never exceed the limit marked on the outer side of the packing case.
- The packing case should be upright.
- If the inverter needs to be transported again, pack it strictly before loading and transporting it.
- Do not store the inverter in places susceptible to direct sunlight, rain, and strong electric field.
- Do not place the inverter in places with items that may affect or damage the inverter.
- Store the inverter in a clean and dry place to prevent dust and water vapor from eroding.
- Do not store the inverter in places with corrosive substances or susceptible to rodents and insects.
- Carry out periodic inspections. Inspection shall be conducted at least once every six months. If any insect or rodent bites are found, replace the packaging materials in time.
- If the inverter has been stored for more than a year, inspection and testing by professionals are required before it can be put into operation.

NOTICE

Please store the inverter according to the storage requirements. Product damage caused by failure to meet the storage requirements is not covered by the warranty.

5 Mechanical Mounting

A WARNING

Respect all local standards and requirements during mechanical installation.

5.1 Safety During Mounting

DANGER

Make sure there is no electrical connection before installation. Before drilling, avoid the water and electricity wiring in the wall.

WARNING

Poor installation environment will affect system performance!

- Install the inverter in a well-ventilated place.
- Ensure that the heat dissipation system or vent is not blocked.
- Do not install the inverter in an environment with flammable and explosive objects or smoke.

Improper handling may cause personal injury!

- When moving the inverter, be aware of its weight and keep the balance to prevent it from tilting or falling.
- Wear proper protective equipment before performing operations on the inverter.
- The bottom terminals and interfaces of the inverter cannot directly contact the ground or other supports. The inverter cannot be directly placed on the ground.

NOTICE

When installing devices, ensure that no device in the system causes it hard for the DC switch and the AC circuit breaker to act or hinders maintenance personnel from operating.

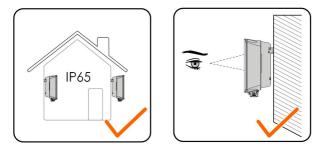
If drilling is required during installation:

- Wear goggles and protective gloves when drilling holes.
- Make sure to avoid the water and electricity wiring in the wall before drilling.
- Protect the product from shavings and dust.

5.2 Location Requirements

To a large extent, a proper installation location ensures safe operation, service life, and performance of the inverter.

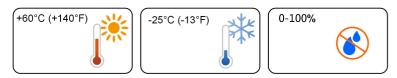
- The inverter with protection rating IP65 can be installed both indoors and outdoors.
- The inverter should be installed at a height that allows easy viewing of the LED indicator panel, as well as easy electrical connection, operation and maintenance.





5.2.1 Environment Requirements

- The installation environment must be free of inflammable or explosive materials.
- The location should not be accessible to children.
- The ambient temperature and relative humidity must meet the following requirements.



- Install the inverter in a sheltered area to avoid direct sunlight and bad weather (e.g. snow, rain, lightning, etc.). The inverter will derate in high temperature environments for protection. If the inverter is installed in direct sunlight, it may cause power reduction as the temperature rises.
- The inverter should be well ventilated. Ensure air circulation.

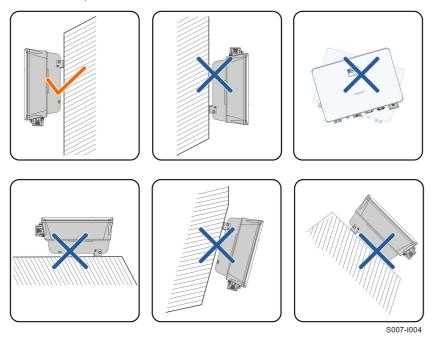
5.2.2 Carrier Requirements

The mounting structure where the inverter is installed must comply with local/national standards and guidelines. Ensure that the installation surface is solid enough to bear four times the weight of the inverter and is suitable for the dimensions of the inverter (e.g. cement walls, plasterboard walls, etc.).



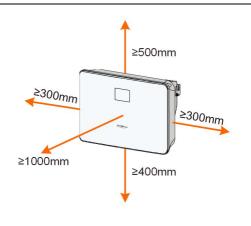
5.2.3 Angle Requirements

Install the inverter vertically. Never install the inverter horizontally, or at forward/backward tilted, side tilted, or upside down.



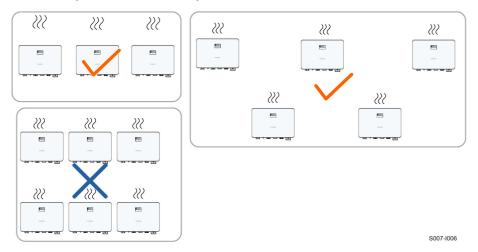
5.2.4 Clearance Requirements

Reserve enough clearance around the inverter to ensure sufficient space for heat dissipation.



S007-1005

In case of multiple inverters, reserve specific clearance between the inverters.

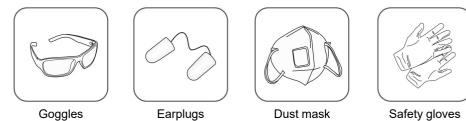


Install the inverter at an appropriate height for ease of viewing the screen and LED indicator and operating switch(es).

5.3 Installation Tools

Installation tools include but are not limited to the following recommended ones. If necessary, use other auxiliary tools on site.

table 5-1 Tool specification

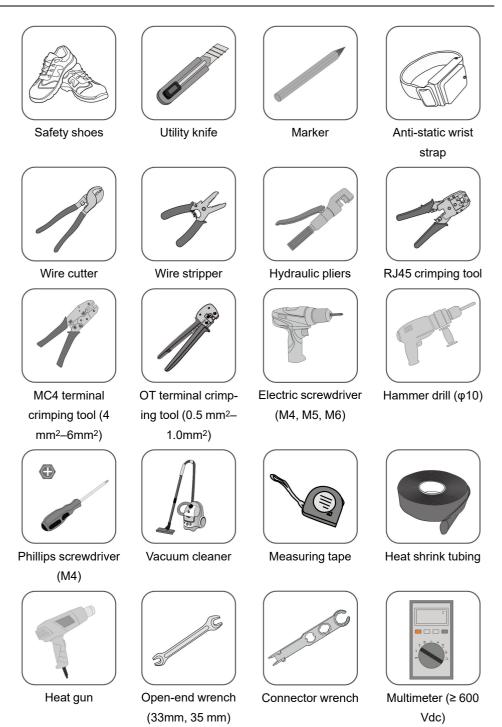


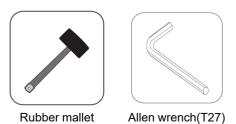
Earplugs

Dust mask



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5.4 Moving the Inverter

Before installation, remove the inverter from the packing case and move it to the installation site. Follow the instructions below as you move the inverter:

- Always be aware of the weight of the inverter.
- Lift the inverter using the handles positioned on both sides of the inverter.
- Move the inverter by one or two people or by using a proper transport tool.
- Do not release the equipment unless it has been firmly secured.

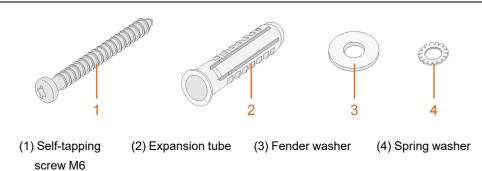
Improper handling may cause personal injury!

- Arrange an appropriate number of personnel to carry the inverter according to its weight, and installation personnel should wear protective equipment such as anti-impact shoes and gloves.
- Attention must be paid to the center of gravity of the inverter to avoid tilting during handling.
- Placing the inverter directly on a hard ground may cause damage to its metal enclosure. Protective materials such as sponge pad or foam cushion should be placed underneath the inverter.
- Move the inverter by holding the handles on it. Do not move the inverter by holding the terminals.

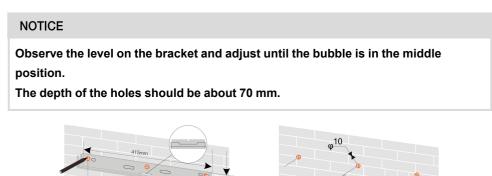
5.5 Installing the Inverter

Inverter is installed on the wall by means of wall-mounting bracket and the expansion plug sets.

The expansion plug set shown below is recommended for the installation.



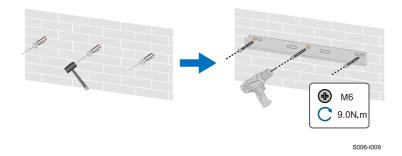
step 1 Place the wall-mounting bracket to a proper position on the wall. Mark the positions and drill the holes.



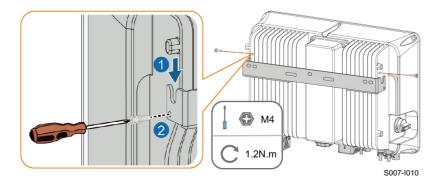


* The image shown here is for reference only. The actual product received may differ.

step 2 Place the expansion tubes into the holes. Then secure the wall-mounting bracket to the wall firmly with the expansion bolt sets.



step 3 Lift the inverter and slide it down along the wall-mounting bracket to make sure they match perfectly. Use two screw sets to lock both left and right sides.



- - End

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6 Electrical Connection

6.1 Safety Instructions

DANGER

The PV string will generate lethal high voltage when exposed to sunlight.

- Operators must wear proper personal protective equipment during electrical connections.
- Must ensure that cables are voltage-free with a measuring instrument before touching DC cables.
- Respect all safety instructions listed in relevant documents about PV strings.

DANGER

- Before electrical connections, please make sure that the inverter switch and all switches connected to the inverter are set to "OFF", otherwise electric shock may occur!
- Ensure that the inverter is undamaged and all cables are voltage free before performing electrical work.
- Do not close the AC circuit breaker until the electrical connection is completed.

A WARNING

Do not damage the ground conductor. Do not operate the product in the absence of a properly installed ground conductor. Otherwise, it may cause personal injury or product damage.

Please use measuring devices with an appropriate range. Overvoltage can damage the measuring device and cause personal injury.

Damage to the product caused by incorrect wiring is not covered by the warranty.

- Electrical connection must be performed by professionals.
- Operators must wear proper personal protective equipment during electrical connections.
- All cables used in the PV generation system must be firmly attached, properly insulated, and adequately dimensioned. Cables used shall comply with the requirements of local laws and regulations.
- The factors that affect cable selection include rated current, cable type, routing mode, ambient temperature, and maximum expected line loss.

NOTICE

All electrical connections must comply with local and national/regional electrical standards.

- Cables used by the user shall comply with the requirements of local laws and regulations.
- Only with the permission of the national/regional grid department, the inverter can be connected to the grid.

NOTICE

- Install the external protective grounding cable first when performing electrical connection and remove the external protective grounding cable last when removing the inverter.
- Keep the AC output cable and the DC input cable close to each other during electrical connection.
- Comply with the safety instructions related to PV strings and the regulations related to the utility grid.

NOTICE

- After being crimped, the OT terminal must wrap the wires completely, and the wires must contact the OT terminal closely.
- When using a heat gun, protect the device from being scorched.
- Keep the PV+ cable and PV- cable close to each other when connecting DC input cables.
- Before connecting a power cable (such as the AC cable, the DC cable, etc.), confirm that the label and identifier on the power cable are correct.
- When laying out communication cables, separate them from power cables and keep them away from strong interference sources to prevent communication interruption.
- All vacant terminals must be covered with waterproof covers to prevent affecting the protection performance.
- Ensure that AC output cables are firmly connected. Failing to do so may cause inverter malfunction or damage to its AC connectors.
- When the wiring is completed, seal the gap at the cable inlet and outlet holes with fireproof/waterproof materials such as fireproof mud to prevent foreign matter or moisture from entering and affecting the long-term normal operation of the inverter.

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The cable colors in figures in this manual are for reference only. Please select cables according to local cable standards.

6.2 Terminal Description

All electrical terminals are located at the bottom of the inverter.

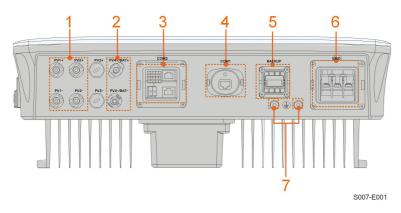


figure 6-1 Terminals

* The image shown here is for reference only. The actual product received may differ.

			Decisive Volt-
No.	Name	Description	age
			Classification
	PV1+, PV1–, PV2+,	MC4 terminals for PV input.	
1	PV2-	The terminal number depends on in-	DVC-C
	1 V2-	veter model.	
2	PV4+/BAT+, PV4–/	Connectors for the battery power	DVC-C
	BAT-	cables	DVC-C
		Communication connection for RSD,	
3	COM2	BMS, RS485, DRM/DI, DO and	DVC-A
		smart energy meter.	
		Communication accessory port to be	
4	COM1	connected to WiNet-S communica-	DVC-A
		tion module.	
5	BACKUP	AC terminal for Backup loads	DVC-C
6	GRID	AC terminal to connect to the grid.	DVC-C
7		Additional grounding terminal.	Not applicable

table 6-1	Terminal	Descri	ption

0

PV3± and PV4± are not applicable to Hybrid inverter.

Do not connect PV strings to PV4±/BAT± ports.

The pin definition of COM2 terminal is shown in the following label.

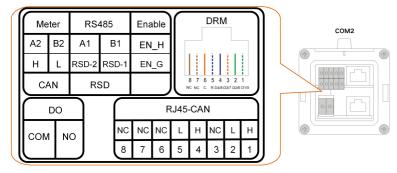


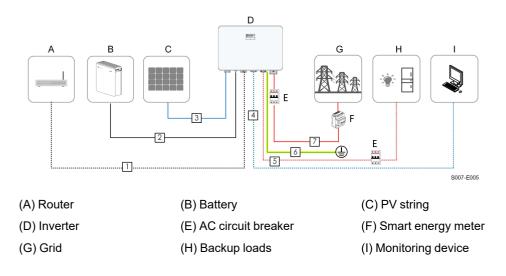
figure 6-2 Label of COM2 Terminal

table 6-2 Label Description	of COM2 Terminal
-----------------------------	------------------

La	abel	Description	
Meter	A2, B2	For Smart Energy Meter	
CAN	H, L	For Li-ion battery communication via CAN protocol.	
D0.405		For inverter daisy chain (Reserved)	
RS485	A1, B1	For Li-ion battery communication via RS485 protocol.	
RSD	RSD-1,	Reserved (Detail availability contact SUNGROW)	
ROD	RSD-2		
Enable EN_H, EN_ Enable the battery with		Enable the battery with a voltage of 12V.	
Ellable	G		
	D1/5, D2/6,	For external Demand Response Enabling Device ("AU"/	
DRM	D3/7, D4/8,	"NZ")	
	R, C	For Ripple Control Receiver	
DO	COM, NO	Reserved (Detail availability contact SUNGROW)	
RJ45-CAN	H, L	For Li-ion battery communication via CAN protocol.	

6.3 Electrical Connection Overview

The electrical connection should be realized as follows:



A WARNING

Install an AC circuit breaker on the backup side. Otherwise, an electrical short circuit may occur, causing damage to the inverter.

NOTICE

Ensure that AC output cables are firmly connected. Failing to do so may cause inverter malfunction or damage to its AC connectors.

No.	Cable	Туре	Cable Diameter	Cross-section
1	Ethernet cable	CAT 5E outdoor shielded network cable	4.8 – 6 mm	0.08 – 0.2 mm ²
2	Battery power cable	Complying with 600 V and 35A standard	5.5 – 8 mm	6 mm ²
3	PV cable	Outdoor multi-core copper wire cable complying with 600 V and 16 A standard	6 – 9 mm	4 – 6 mm²
4	Communica- tion cable	Shielded twisted pair CAT 5E outdoor shielded network	4.8 – 6 mm	0.5 – 1.0 mm ²
		cable	4.8 – 6 mm	0.08 – 0.2 mm ²

table 6-3 Cable Requirements

SUNGROW

No.	Cable	Туре	Cable Diameter	Cross-section
				4 – 6 mm² (Rec-
_	Backup	Outdoor 3-core		ommend
5	cable	copper wire cable		SH3.0RS: 4 mm ² ,
				Others: 6 mm ²)
	Additional	Outdoor single-	The same as that o	
6	Grounding core copper wire	AC cable	I the PE wire in the	
	cable	cable	AC cable	
7		Outdoor 3-core	10 05 0 mm	6 – 16 mm² (Rec-
1	AC cable	copper wire cable	12 – 25.8 mm	ommend 10 mm ²)

If local standard have other requirements for cables, set the cable specification according to the local standard.

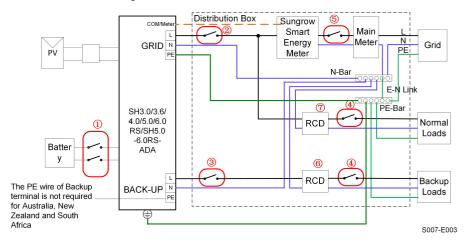
The factors that affect cable selection include rated current, cable type, routing mode, ambient temperature, and maximum expected line loss.

The cabling distance between the battery and the inverter should be less than 10 m, and within 5 m is recommended.

6.4 Backup Wiring Diagram

For AU/NZ/SA

For Australia, New Zealand and South Africa, the neutral cable of GRID side and BACK-UP side must be connected together. Otherwise BACK-UP function will not work.



NO.	SH3.0/3.6/4.0/5.0/6.0RS/SH5.0-6.0RS-ADA
1	40A/600V DC breaker *
2	≤63A/230V/400V AC breaker
3	32A/230V/400V AC breaker
4	Depends on loads
5	Depends on household loads and inverter capacity
67	30mA RCD (Comply with local regulation)

Note 1: * If the battery is integrated with a readily accessible internal DC breaker, no additional DC breaker is required.

Note 2: The recommended values in the table are for reference only. The actual values must comply with local standard and actual conditions.

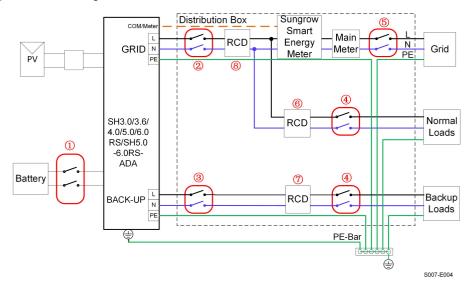
Note 3: The rated current of breaker ② is suggested to lower than that of breaker ⑤.

Note 4: If the rated current of on-site power cables are lower than those recommended above, the breakers specification should be considered to match the power cables in first priority.

Note 5: The AC port takes power from the grid and is set according to the grid circuit breaker.

For other countires

For other countires, the following diagram is an example for grid systems without special requirement on wiring connection.



NO.	SH3.0/3.6/4.0/5.0/6.0RS/SH5.0-6.0RS-ADA
1	40A/600V DC breaker *
2	≤63A/230V/400V AC breaker
3	32A/230V/400V AC breaker
4	Depends on loads
5	Depends on household loads and inverter capacity (Optional)
67	30mA RCD (Recommended)
8	300mA RCD (Recommended)

Note 1: * If the battery is integrated with a readily accessible internal DC breaker, no additional DC breaker is required.

Note 2: The recommended values in the table are for reference only. The actual values must comply with local standard and actual conditions.

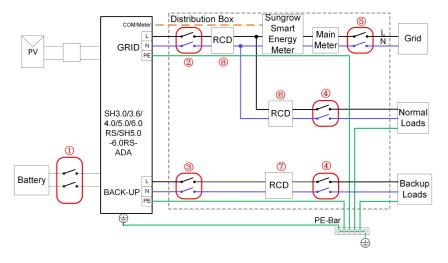
Note 3: The rated current of breaker ② is suggested to lower than that of breaker ⑤.

Note 4: If the rated current of on-site power cables are lower than those recommended above, the breakers specification should be considered to match the power cables in first priority.

Note 5: The AC port takes power from the grid and is set according to the grid circuit breaker.

For TT system

In the TT system, the following diagram is an example for grid systems without special requirement on wiring connection.



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NO.	SH3.0/3.6/4.0/5.0/6.0RS/SH5.0-6.0RS-ADA
1	40A/600V DC breaker *
2	≤63A/230V/400V AC breaker
3	32A/230V/400V AC breaker
4	Depends on loads
5	Depends on household loads and inverter capacity (Optional)
67	30mA RCD (Recommended)
8	300mA RCD (Recommended)

Note 1: * If the battery is integrated with a readily accessible internal DC breaker, no additional DC breaker is required.

Note 2: The recommended values in the table are for reference only. The actual values must comply with local standard and actual conditions.

Note 3: The rated current of breaker ② is suggested to lower than that of breaker ⑤.

Note 4: If the rated current of on-site power cables are lower than those recommended above, the breakers specification should be considered to match the power cables in first priority.

Note 5: The AC port takes power from the grid and is set according to the grid circuit breaker.

6.5 External Protective Grounding Connection

DANGER

Electric shock!

• Make sure that the grounding cable is connected reliably. Otherwise, it may cause electric shock.

WARNING

- Since the inverter is not equipped with a transformer, neither the negative electrode nor the positive electrode of the PV string can be grounded. Otherwise, the inverter will not operate normally.
- Connect the grounding terminal to the external protective grounding point before AC cable connection, PV string connection, and communication cable connection.
- The external protective grounding point provides a reliable ground connection. Do not use an improper grounding conductor for grounding, Otherwise, it may cause product damage or personal injury.
- Depending on Local Rules, please also ground the PV panel subconstruction to the same common grounding point (PE Bar) in addition to local lightning protection rules.

A WARNING

The external protective grounding terminal must meet at least one of the following requirements.

- The cross-sectional area of the grounding cable is not less than 10 mm² for copper wire or 16 mm² for aluminum wire. It is recommended that both the external protective grounding terminal and the AC side grounding terminal be reliably grounded.
- If the cross-sectional area of the grounding cable is less than 10 mm² for copper wire or 16 mm² for aluminum wire, ensure that both the external protective grounding terminal and the AC side grounding terminal are reliably grounded.

The grounding connection can be made by other means if they are in accordance with the local standards and regulations, and SUNGROW shall not be held liable for the possible consequences.

6.5.1 External Protective Grounding Requirements

All non-current carrying metal parts and device enclosures in the PV power system should be grounded, for example, brackets of PV modules and inverter enclosure.

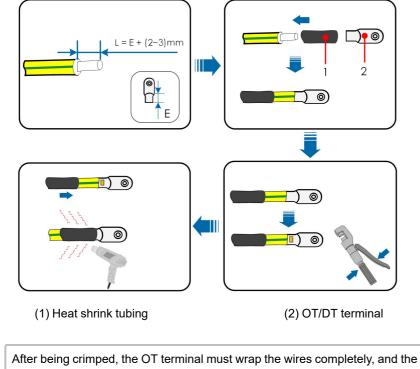
When there is only one inverter in the PV system, connect the external protective grounding cable to a nearby grounding point.

When there are multiple inverters in the PV system, connect the external protective grounding terminals of all inverters and the grounding points of the PV module brackets to ensure equipotential connections to ground cables (according to the onsite conditions).

6.5.2 Connection Procedure

External grounding cable and OT/DT terminal are prepared by customers.

step 1 Prepare the cable and OT/DT terminal.

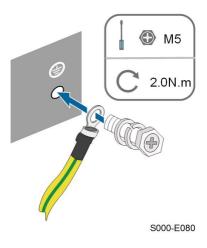




wires must contact the OT terminal closely.

When using a heat gun, protect the device from being scorched.

step 2 Remove the screw on the grounding terminal and fasten the cable with a screwdriver.



step 3 Apply paint to the grounding terminal to ensure corrosion resistance.

- - End

6.6 AC Cable Connection

6.6.1 AC Side Requirements



Only with the permission of the local grid department, the inverter can be connected to the grid.

Before connecting the inverter to the grid, ensure the grid voltage and frequency comply with requirements, for which, refer to **"Technical Date"**. Otherwise, contact the electric power company for help.

AC Circuit Breaker

An independent two-pole circuit breaker must be installed on the output side of the inverter to ensure safe disconnection from the grid. The recommended specifications are as follows.

Inverter Model	Recommended Specifica- tion (back-up)	Recommended Specifica- tion (on-grid)
SH3.0/3.6/4.0/5.0/6.0RS	32 A	≤ 63 A
SH5.0/6.0RS-ADA	52 A	2 03 A

NOTICE

Testing to AS/NNZS 4777.2:2020 Section for multiple phase combinations has not been conducted.

WARNING

AC circuit breakers should be installed on the output side of the inverter and the grid side to ensure safe disconnection from the grid.

- Determine whether an AC circuit breaker with greater overcurrent capacity is required based on actual conditions.
- Do not connect any local load between the inverter and the AC circuit breaker.
- Multiple inverters cannot share one AC circuit breaker.

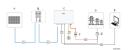
Residual Current Monitoring Device

With an integrated universal current-sensitive residual current monitoring unit included, the inverter will disconnect immediately from the mains power once a fault current with a value exceeding the limit is detected.

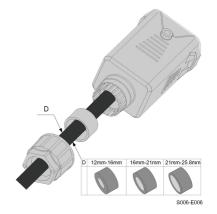
However if an external residual current device (RCD) (type A is recommended) is mandatory, the switch must be triggered at a residual current of 300 mA (recommended). RCD of other specifications can also be used according to local standard.

6.6.2 Connecting the AC Cable

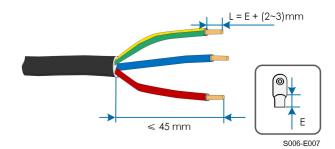
- step 1 Disconnect the AC circuit breaker and secure it against reconnection.
- step 2 Unscrew the swivel nut and take out the sealing ring.



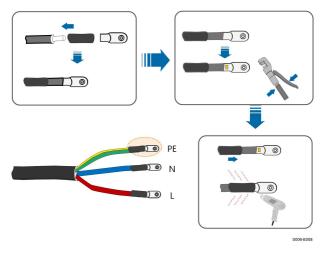
step 3 Thread the AC cable through the swivel nut, appropriate sealing and waterproof cover in sequence.



step 4 Strip the cable jacket and the wire insulation as shown in the following figure.



step 5 Crimp the OT/DT terminal.



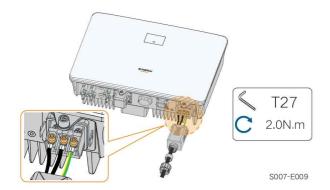
step 6 Remove the waterproof lid from the **GRID** terminal.



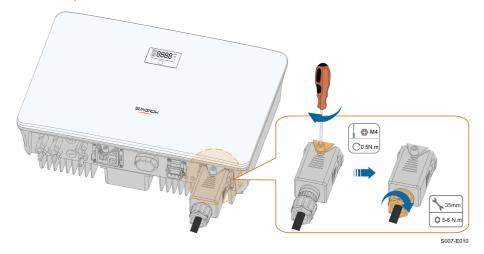
step 7 Fix all the wires to the terminals according to the assignment and tighten to a torque of 2.0 N•m with a screwdriver.

NOTICE

Observe the terminal assignment. Do not connect any phase line to the "PE" terminal or PE wire to "N" terminal. Otherwise, unrecoverable damage to the inverter may follow.



step 8 Secure the AC waterproof cover to the inverter with a torque of 1.2 N•m and tighten the swivel nut to a torque of 5 N•m–6 N•m.



- step 9 Connect the PE wire to ground and the phase lines and the "N" line to AC circuit breaker. Then connect the AC circuit breaker to electric board.
- step 10 Make sure all wires are firmly installed via the right torque tool or dragging the cables slightly.

- - End

6.7 DC Cable Connection

A DANGER

The PV string will generate lethal high voltage when exposed to sunlight.

• Respect all safety instructions listed in relevant documents about PV strings.

WARNING

- Make sure the PV array is well insulated to ground before connecting it to the inverter.
- Make sure the maximum DC voltage and the maximum short circuit current of any string never exceed inverter permitted values specified in "Technical Data".
- Check the positive and negative polarity of the PV strings, and connect the PV connectors to corresponding terminals only after ensuring polarity correctness.
- During the installation and operation of the inverter, please ensure that the positive or negative electrodes of PV strings do not short-circuit to the ground. Otherwise, an AC or DC short-circuit may occur, resulting in equipment damage. The damage caused by this is not covered by the warranty.
- Electric arc or contactor over-temperature may occur if the DC connectors are not firmly in place, and the loss caused is not covered by the warranty.
- If the DC input cables are reversely connected or the positive and negative terminals of different MPPT are shorted to ground at the same time, while the DC switch is in the "ON" position, do not operate immediately. Otherwise, the inverter may be damaged. Please turn the DC switch to "OFF" and remove the DC connector to adjust the polarity of the strings when the string current is lower than 0.5 A.
- Use the DC connectors supplied with the product for DC cable connection. Using incompatible DC connectors may result in serious consequences, and the device damage is not covered under warranty.
- Inverters do not support full parallel connection of strings (Full parallel connection refers to a connection method in that strings are connected in parallel and then connected to the inverter separately).
- Do not connect one PV string to multiple inverters. Otherwise, the inverters may be damaged.

NOTICE

The following requirements about PV string connection must be met. Otherwise, it may cause irreversible damage to the inverter, which is not covered by the warranty.

- Mixed use of PV modules of different brands or models in one MPPT circuit, or PV modules of different orientation or inclination in a string may not damage inverter, but will cause system bad performance!
- The inverter enters standby state when the input voltage ranges between 560 V and 600 V. The inverter returns to running state once the voltage returns to the MPPT operating voltage range, namely, 40 V to 560 V.

NOTICE

Note the following items when laying out cables on site:

- The axial tension on PV connectors must not exceed 80 N. Avoid axial cable stress on the connector for a long time during field wiring.
- Radial stress or torque must not be generated on PV connectors. It may cause the connector waterproof failure and reduce connector reliability.
- Leave at least 50 mm of slack to avoid the external force generated by the cable bending affecting the waterproof performance.
- Refer to the specifications provided by the cable manufacturer for the minimum cable bending radius. If the required bending radius is less than 50 mm, reserve a bending radius of 50 mm. If the required bending radius is greater than 50 mm, reserve the required minimum bending radius during wiring.

6.7.1 PV Input Configuration

- The inverters have two PV inputs, each with independent MPP tracker. Each DC input area can operate independently.
- The PV strings to two DC input areas may differ from each other, including PV module type, number of PV modules in each string, angle of tilt, and installation orientation.

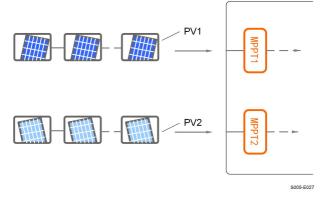


figure 6-3 PV Input Configuratinon

Prior to connecting the inverter to PV inputs, the following electrical specifications must be met simultaneously:

Inverter Model	Open-circuit Voltage Limit	Max. Current for Input Connector
SH3.0/3.6/4.0/		
5.0/6.0RS	600 V	20 A
SH5.0/6.0RS-	000 V	20 A
ADA		

6.7.2 Assembling the PV Connectors

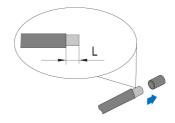
A DANGER High voltage may be present in the inverter!

- Ensure all cables are voltage-free before performing electrical operations.
- Do not connect the DC switch and AC circuit breaker before finishing electrical connection.

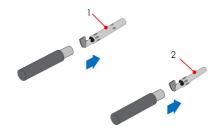


To ensure IP65 protection, use only the supplied connector.

step 1 Strip the insulation from each DC cable by 7 mm–8 mm.



step 2 Assemble the cable ends with the crimping pliers.



1: Positive crimp contact

2: Negative crimp contact

step 3 Lead the cable through cable gland, and insert the crimp contact into the insulator until it snaps into place. Gently pull the cable backward to ensure firm connection. Tighten the cable gland and the insulator (torque 2.5 N.m to 3 N.m).



step 4 Check for polarity correctness.

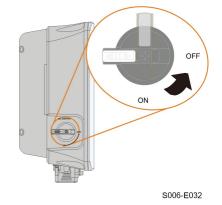
NOTICE

If the PV polarity is reversed, the inverter will be in a fault or alarm state and will not operate normally.

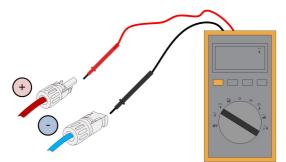
- - End

6.7.3 Installing PV Connector

step 1 Rotate the DC switch to "OFF" position.



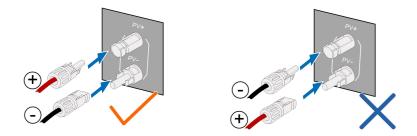
step 2 Check the cable connection of the PV string for polarity correctness and ensure that the open circuit voltage in any case does not exceed the inverter input limit of 600V.



NOTICE

The multimeter must have a DC voltage range of at least 600 V. If the voltage is a negative value, the DC input polarity is incorrect. Please correct the DC input polarity. If the voltage is greater than 600 V, too many PV modules are configured to the same string. Please remove some PV modules.

step 3 Connect the PV connectors to corresponding terminals until there is an audible click.



- step 4 Follow the foregoing steps to connect PV connectors of other PV strings.
- step 5 Seal any unused PV terminal with a terminal cap.

SUNGROW inverters cannot be used with third-party optimizers. If the PV string is equipped with the optimizer, please refer to the optimizer manual for electrical connections and make sure that the polarity of the optimizer cables is correct.

- - End

6.8 Emergency Load Connection (Backup)

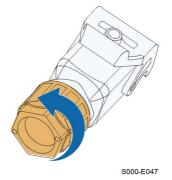
NOTICE

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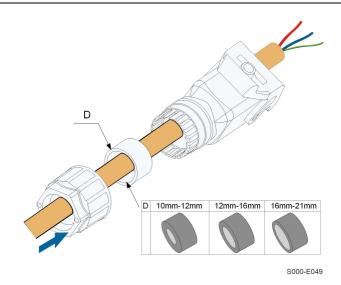
Risk of inverter damage due to incorrect cable connection. Do not connect the grid power wires to BACKUP port.

Do not short-circuit the Backup port during operation. Otherwise, the inverter or power distribution system will be seriously damaged. The loss is not covered by the SUNGROW warranty.

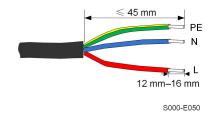
step 1 Unscrew the swivel nut of the AC connector.



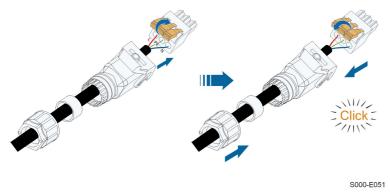
step 2 Thread the AC cable of appropriate length through the swivel nut, the sealing ring and the housing.



step 3 Remove the cable jacket by less than 45 mm, and strip the wire insulation by 12 mm–16 mm.



step 4 Open the clamp on the spring-loaded terminal and fully insert the wires into the corresponding holes. Then close the clamp and push the terminal plug into the housing until there is an audible click.

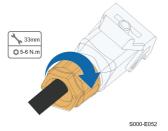


NOTICE

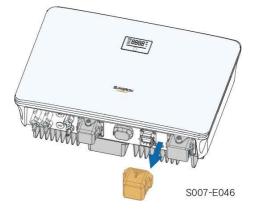
Observe the plug assignment.

- Do not connect the L line to the "PE" terminal or the PE wire to the "N" terminal. Otherwise, unrecoverable damage to the inverter may follow.
- Do not connect the L line and the N line in reverse, otherwise the inverter may not operate normally.

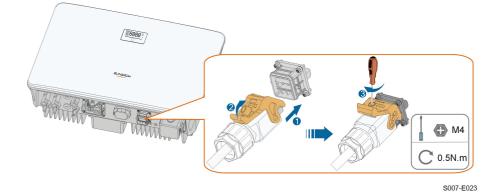
step 5 Ensure that the wires are securely in place by slightly pulling them. Tighten the swivel nut to the housing.



step 6 Remove the waterproof lid from the **BACKUP** terminal.



step 7 Lift the locking part upwards and insert the AC connector into the **BACKUP** terminal on the bottom side of the inverter. Then press the locking part and lock it with the screw.



step 8 Connect the other ends to the emergency loads. Pull all the lines outward lightly to check whether they are firmly installed.

- - End

6.9 Battery Connection

This section mainly describes the cable connections on the inverter side. Refer to the instructions supplied by the battery manufacturer for the connections on the battery side and configuration.

WARNING

Only use properly insulated tools to prevent accidental electric shock or short circuits. If insulated tools are not available, use electrical tape to cover the entire exposed metal surfaces of the available tools except their tips.

A WARNING

The plug connector must be connected only by trained electricians.

A WARNING

Do not disconnect under load!

Battery connectors must not be disconnected while under load. They can be placed in a no load state by shutting down the inverter completely.

🔔 WARNING

During the installation and operation of the inverter, please ensure that the positive or negative polarities of batteries do not short-circuit to the ground. Otherwise, an AC or DC short-circuit may occur, resulting in equipment damage. The damage caused by this is not covered by the warranty.

If the hybrid inverter is not connected to a battery, it will not support reliably the backup function.



The battery should be connected to the common grounding of the house (PE Bar) rather than directly to the inverter PE.

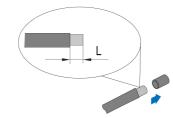
The energy in the battery will not backfeed into the PV modules.

6.9.1 Connecting the Power Cable

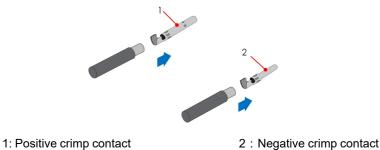
All power cables are equipped with water-proof direct plug-in connectors, which match the battery terminals at the bottom of the inverter.

6.9.1.1 Assembling the Battery Connectors

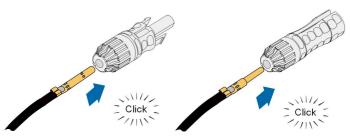
step 1 Strip the insulation from each DC cable by 15 mm.



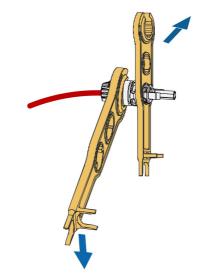
step 2 Assemble the cable ends with the crimping pliers.



step 3 Lead the cable through cable gland, and insert the crimp contact into the insulator until it snaps into place. Gently pull the cable backward to ensure firm connection.



step 4 Tighten the cable gland and the insulator.



step 5 Check for polarity correctness.

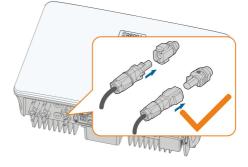
- - End

6.9.1.2 Installing the Battery Connector

NOTICE

When making the connections, always observe the specifications regarding nominal voltage and nominal current. The smallest common value is permissible.

step 1 Plug the connectors into PV4+/BAT+ and PV4-/BAT- terminals.



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step 2 Ensure that the connectors are securely in place.

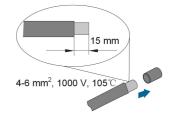
- - End

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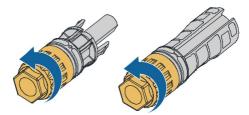
6.9.1.3 Assembling Evo2 Compatible Connector

The connector type is subject to the actual received device.

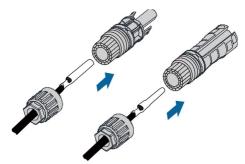
step 1 Strip 15 mm of the insulation layer from each PV cable.



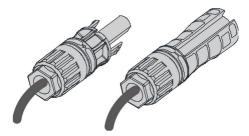
step 2 Unscrew the swivel nut of the connector.



step 3 Lead the stripped cable through the swivel nut and insert it into the insulation sleeve till the end.



step 4 Screw the swivel nut of the connector and gently pull the cable backward to ensure a firm connection.



- - End

6.9.1.4 Installing Evo2 Compatible Connector

step 1 Insert the connector into the **BAT+** and **BAT-** terminals.



step 2 Check for polarity correctness.

- - End

6.9.2 Connecting the CAN Cable

The CAN cable enables the communication between the inverter and the Li-ion battery from SUNGROW and BYD.

• Pin terminal connection

Refer to the section "6.11 Meter Connection" for details. Plug the wires into the **H** and **L** terminals according the labels on the bottom of the inverter.

RJ45 connection

Refer to the section "6.13 DRM Connection" for details. Plug the wires into the **RJ45–CAN** terminal on the bottom of the inverter.

6.9.3 Connecting the Enable Cable

The Enable cable along with the RS485 cable, are used for communication between the inverter and the Li-ion battery.

For detailed connection description of the RS485 cable, refer to the section "6.12 RS485 Connection".

For detailed connection description of the Enable cable, refer to the section "6.11 Meter Connection". Plug the wires into the **EN_H** and **EN_G** terminals according the labels on the bottom of the inverter.

6.10 WiNet-S Connection

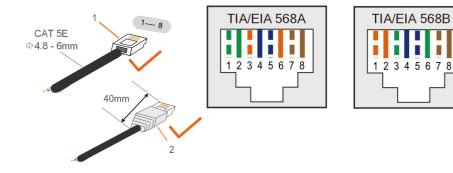
The WiNet-S module supports Ethernet communication and WLAN communication. It is not recommended to use both communication methods at the same time.

For details, see the quick guide for the WiNet-S module. Scan the following QR code for the quick guide.



6.10.1 Ethernet Communication

step 1 (Optional) Strip the insulation layer of the communication cable with an Ethernet wire stripper, and lead the corresponding signal cables out. Insert the stripped communication cable into the RJ45 plug in the correct order, and crimp it with a crimper.



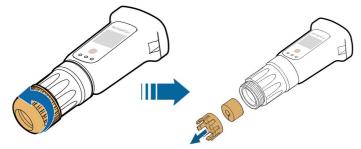
1: RJ45 plug



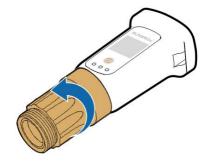


Skip this step if a standard network cable with RJ45 plug is prepared.

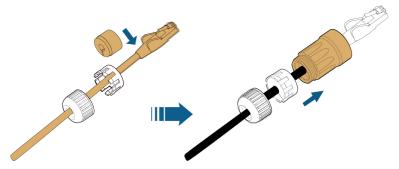
step 2 Unscrew the swivel nut from the communication module and take out the inner sealing ring.



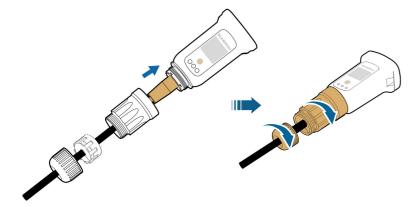
step 3 Unscrew the housing from the communication module.



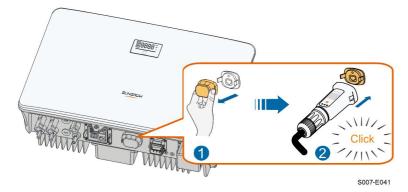
step 4 Thread the network cable through the swivel nut and gasket. Afterwards, route the cable into the opening of the sealing. Finally, insert the cable through the housing.



step 5 Insert the RJ45 plug into the front plug connector until there is an audible click and tighten the housing. Install the gasket and fasten the swivel nut.



step 6 Remove the waterproof lid from the COM1 terminal and install WiNet-S.



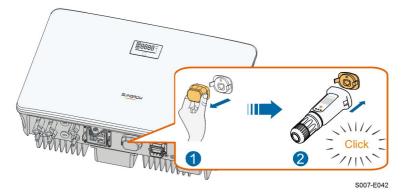
step 7 Slightly shake it by hand to determine whether it is installed firmly.

- - End

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6.10.2 WLAN Communication

- step 1 Remove the waterproof lid from the **COM1** terminal.
- step 2 Install the module. Slightly shake it by hand to determine whether it is installed firmly, as shown below.



- step 3 Refer to the guide delivered with the module for the set-up.
 - - End



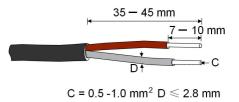
6.11 Meter Connection

The inverter can provide export control but will require the use of a external smart meter. The export control functionality has not been tested to AS/NZS 4777.2:2020.

6

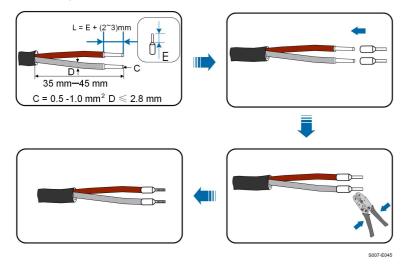
The energy meter is mainly used to detect the direction and magnitude of the current. And the energy meter data may not be used for billing purposes.

step 1 Remove the cable jacket and strip the wire insulation.

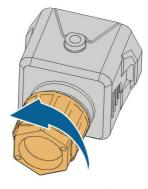


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step 2 (Optional) When using a multi-strand wire cable, connect the wire head to the cord end terminal. In case of single-strand copper wire, skip this step.

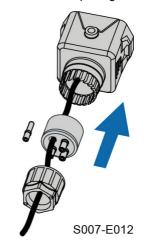


step 3 Unscrew the swivel nut from the connector.

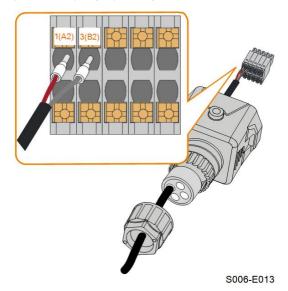


S006-E011

step 4 Remove the seal and route the cable into the opening of the sealing.

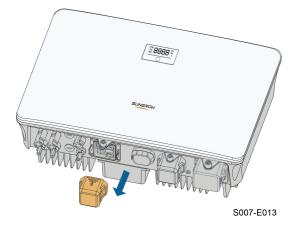


step 5 Plug the wires into the corresponding terminals as shown in the following figure. Ensure that the wires are securely in place by slightly pulling them.

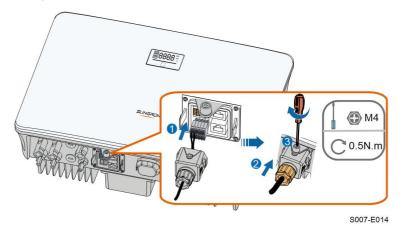


SUNGROW

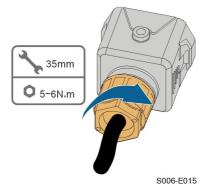
step 6 Remove the waterproof lid from the COM2 terminal.



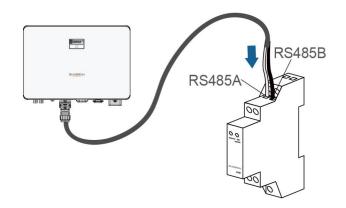
step 7 Insert the terminal plug into the **COM2** terminal at the bottom side of the inverter and then install the housing.



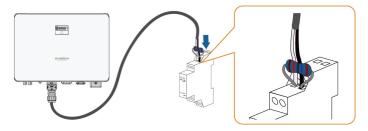
step 8 Slightly pull out the cable and then fasten the swivel nut. Lock the connector with the screw.



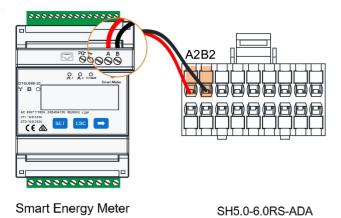
step 9 The other end of the communication cable is connected to the RS485A and RS485B ports of the smart meter.



step 10 (Optional)If the length of the communication cable > 10m, please connect a 120Ω resistor in parallel to the meter. Plug the resistor directly into both RS485 communication ports.



step 11 For SH5.0RS-ADA、SH6.0RS-ADA, the meter connection is shown below.



- - End

6.12 RS485 Connection

The RS485 connection is reserved for inverter daisy chain. The availability will be updated in the upcoming manual version.

For detailed connection description, refer to the section "6.11 Meter Connection". Plug the wires into the **A1** and **B1** terminals according the labels on the bottom of the inverter.



6.13 DRM Connection

DRM and Ripple Control support only one function at the same time.

DRM

In Australia and New Zealand, the inverter supports the demand response modes as specified in the standard AS/NZS 4777.

The following figure shows the wiring between the inverter and the external DRED.

D1/5 D2/6 D3/7 D4/8 R C

DRED

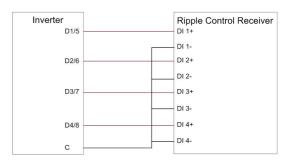
table 6-4 Method of Asserting DRM

Mode	Asserted by Shorting Terminals on Inverter	Switch Operation on External DRED
DRM0	R&C	Close S1 and S5
DRM1	D1/5 & C	Close S1
DRM2	D2/6 & C	Close S2
DRM3	D3/7 & C	Close S3
DRM4	D4/8 & C	Close S4
DRM5	D1/5 & R	Close S5
DRM6	D2/6 & R	Close S6
DRM7	D3/7 & R	Close S7
DRM8	D4/8 & R	Close S8

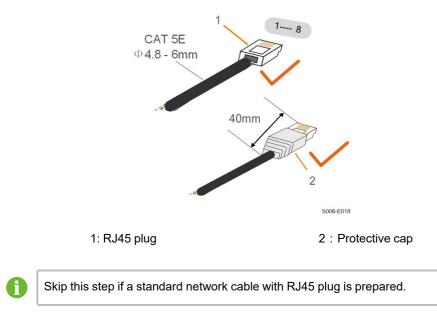
Ripple Control

In Germany, the grid company uses the Ripple Control Receiver to convert the grid dispatching signal and send it as a dry contact signal.

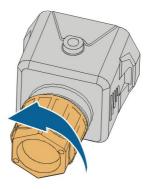
Wiring of the ripple control receiver dry contact cables is shown in the figure below:



step 1 **(Optional)** Strip the insulation layer of the communication cable with an Ethernet wire stripper, and lead the corresponding signal cables out. Insert the stripped communication cable into the RJ45 plug in the correct order, and crimp it with a crimper.



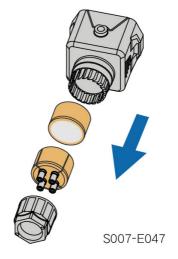
step 2 Unscrew the swivel nut from the connector.



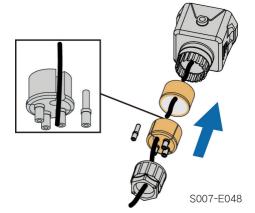
S006-E011

step 3 Remove the seal.

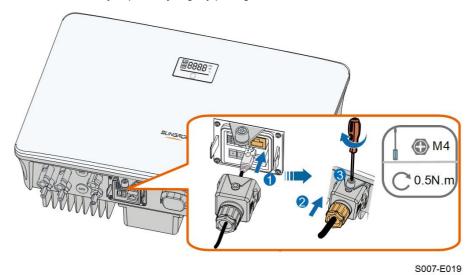




step 4 Lead the cable through the cable gland.

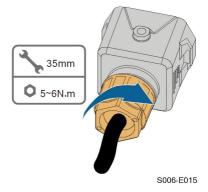


step 5 Plug the wires into the corresponding terminals as shown in the following figure. Ensure that the wires are securely in place by slightly pulling them.





step 6 Slightly pull out the cable and then fasten the swivel nut. Lock the connector with the screw.



- - End

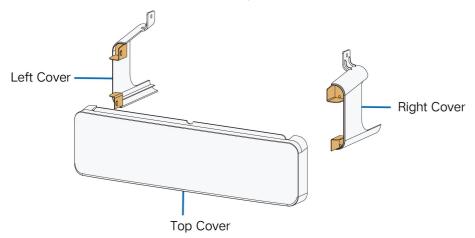
6.14 Protective Cover Installation (Optional)

NOTICE

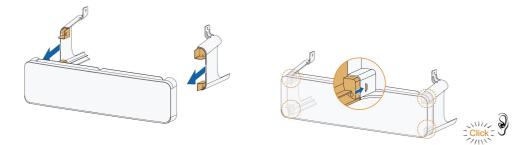
- Only SH5.0RS-ADA and SH6.0RS-ADA need the protective cover.
- Please install the protective cover after finishing all electrical connections of the inverter.

The installation procedure of the protective cover is as follows:

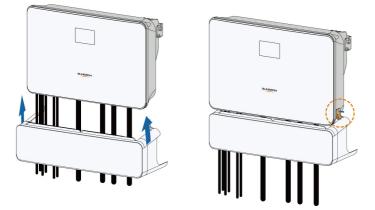
step 1 The protective cover consists of a left cover, a right cover and a top cover.



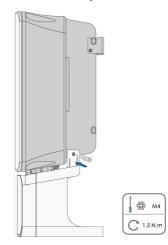
step 2 Slot the left cover and the right cover into the top cover until there is an audible "click".



step 3 After the electrical connection of the inverter is completed, install the protective cover to the inverter bottom and make sure that the threaded holes in buckles of the protective cover are aligned with the holes on the sides of the inverter.



step 4 Use a screwdriver to secure screws with a torque of 1.5 N.m.



step 5 The installation of the protective cover is completed.



- - End



7 Commissioning

7.1 Inspection Before Commissioning

Check the following items before starting the inverter:

- All equipment has been reliably installed.
- DC switch(es) and AC circuit breaker are in the "OFF" position.
- The ground cable is properly and reliably connected.
- The AC cable is properly and reliably connected.
- The DC cable is properly and reliably connected.
- The communication cable is properly and reliably connected.
- The vacant terminals are sealed.
- No foreign items, such as tools, are left on the top of the machine or in the junction box (if there is).
- The AC circuit breaker is selected in accordance with the requirements of this manual and local standards.
- All warning signs & labels are intact and legible.

7.2 Powering on the System

If all of the items mentioned above meet the requirements, proceed as follows to start up the inverter for the first time.

- step 1 Turn on the AC circuit breaker between the inverter and the grid.
- step 2 (Optional) Connect the external DC circuit breaker between the inverter and the battery pack if a battery is equipped.
- step 3 (Optional) Power on the battery pack manually if a battery is equipped.
- step 4 Rotate the DC switch of the inverter to "ON" position.
- step 5 If the irradiation and grid conditions meet requirements, the inverter will operate normally. Observe the LED indicator to ensure that the inverter operates normally. Refer to "2.4 LED Panel" for LED screen introduction and LED indicator definition.
- step 6 Refer to the quick guide for WiNet-S for its indicator definition.

- - End

- Strictly follow the preceding sequence. Otherwise, the product may be damaged, and the loss caused is not covered by the warranty.
- Before closing the AC circuit breaker between the inverter and the power grid, use a multimeter that is set to the AC gear to ensure that the AC voltage is within the specified range. Otherwise, the inverter may be damaged.

7.3 App Preparation

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- step 1 Install the iSolarCloud App with latest version. Refer to "8.2 Installing App".
- step 2 Register an account. Refer to "8.3 Account Registration". If you have got the account and password from the distributor/installer or SUNGROW, skip this step.
- step 3 Download the firmware package to the mobile device in advance. Refer to "Firmware Upadate". This is to avoid download failure due to poor on-site network signal.

- - End

7.4 Plant Creation

Prerequisites:

- The account and password for logging in to iSolarCloud App have been obtained from the distributor/installer or SUNGROW.
- The communication device is normally connected to the inverter.
- System positioning is enabled and iSolarCloud App is allowed to access location information.
- step 1 Open the App, tap 🗘 in the upper right corner of the interface, and select the correct access address.

Login	۵
	-
	Ø
LOGIN	
Forgot Password	
Select Server	
WLAN Configuration	
Language	
Cancel	
Visitor Login Local	Access

figure 7-1 Select Access Address

step 2 Enter the account and password on the login interface, and tap **LOGIN** to log in.

step 3 Tap \bigoplus in the upper right corner to enter the plant creation interface.



step 4 Fill in the content according to actual needs, and the parameters containing * are required. Tap **Next** to enter the next interface.

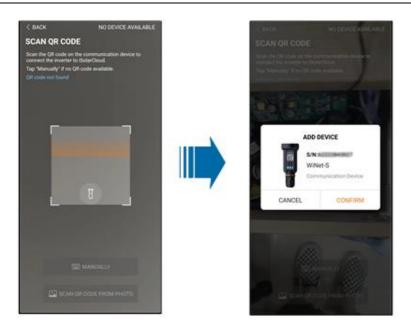
< BACK		< BACK	
CREATE PLANT		* Grid-connection Type	
* Plant Name		Please Select	
Please Enter		Grid-connected Date	
* Plant Type		2022-05-26	
Please Select	0 >	* Owner's Email Address	
tinatellad DV Dawar (UMa)		Please Enter	
* Installed PV Power (kWp) Please Enter		Enter new owner email address or existed owner email address in iSolarCloud system. ~	
* Country/Region China	>	Postal Code	
* Time Zone GMT+8 Beijing, Chongqing, Hong Kong, Urumqi	>	Please Enter	
* Plant Address 安徽省合肥市蜀山区高新技术产业开发区 习友路阳光电源股份有限公司	0	Feed-in Tariff(CNY/kWh) Please Enter	
* Grid-connection Type	>	More Configurations	
Please Select		How to duplicate the plant information with one click	2
NEXT		NEXT	

figure 7-2 Plant Creation Settings

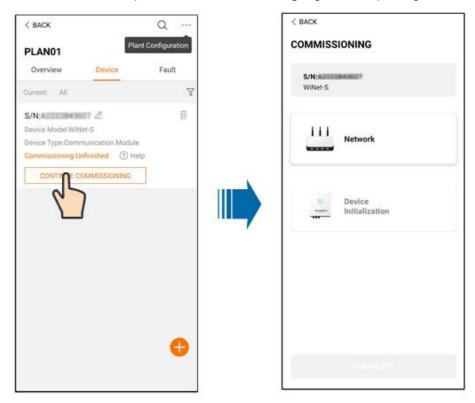
Parameter Name	Description		
Plant name	The name of the plant.		
Plant type	The type of the plant, which should be set corresponding to the actual plant type.		
Installed power	The installed power of the plant.		
Country/Region	The country/region where the plant is located.		
Time zone	The time zone where the plant is located, which can be filled through automatic positioning and manual input.		
Plant address	 The location of the plant, which can be filled in two ways: Manually: Manually enter the plant location in the input box. Automatically: Tap ⁽⁾ to automatically obtain the current location or search for the location of the plant, and then tap Confirm. 		

Parameter Name	Description	
Grid-connec- tion type	The way the plant is connected to the grid, including 100% Feed-in , Self-Consumption , Zero Export , and Off-grid .	
Grid-connected date	The time when the plant is connected to the grid.	
Owner's email address	Fill in the owner information of the plant, and both registered and un- registered email addresses are supported.	
Postal code	The postal code of the place where the plant is located.	
Plant image	Take photos of the plant and upload them.	
	The feed-in tariff can be set in two ways:	
	Enter the feed-in tariff directly in the input box.	
Feed-in tariff	 Tap More Configurations, select the tariff unit, enter the feed-in tariff, and tap Confirm. Enable Time-of-Use Tariff if needed. Tap Add Time-of-Use Tariff, add time intervals and price, and tap Confirm. Please note that if Time-of-use Tariff is enabled, the time periods shall cover 24 hours a day, and can not overlap. 	
	Set the consumption tariff as follows:	
Consumption tariff	• Tap More Configurations , select the tariff unit, enter the consumption tariff, and tap Confirm . Enable Time-of-Use Tariff if needed, and refer to the setting methods of the feed-in tariff.	

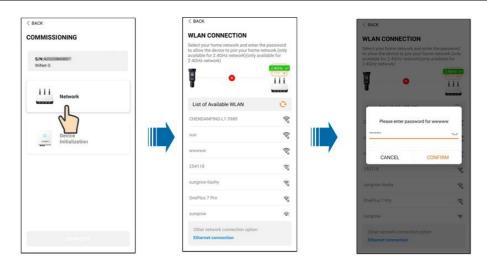
step 5 Bind a device through scanning the QR code on the device, manually inputting the device S/ N, or uploading a QR code picture. Tap **Confirm** after the QR code is identified or the S/N is verified.



step 6 After a device is bound, tap **Device** and **Commissioning** to go to corresponding interface.



step 7 Tap **Network Configuration** to go to the **WLAN connection** interface. Tap the home network in the WLAN list, enter the password, and then tap **Confirm**.



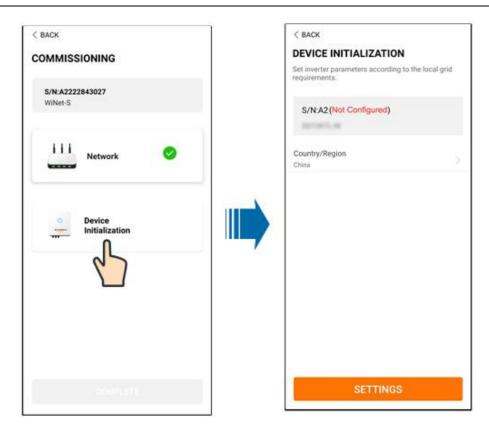
step 8 Enter the **Activate EasyConnect** interface, and press the multi-function button on the WiNet-S to enable the Easyconnect mode according to the prompt on the screen. The App automatically enters a waiting processing interface if this mode is enabled, and automatically returns to the commissioning interface after the processing is completed.



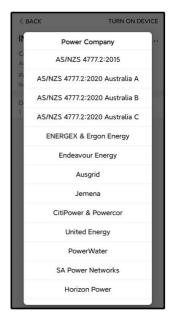
NOTICE

Only the 2.4 GHz working band is supported under the networking mode. If the Easyconnect fails, please refer to other methods in the WiNet-S manual to establish the connection.

step 9 Tap **Device Initialization** to go to the **Device initialization** interface. Set the initialization protection parameters as needed and tap **Settings** to return to the commissioning interface.



When the country is set to Australia, additionally set the applicable network service provider and then the grid type.



The image shown here is for reference only. Refer to the actual interface for the supported network service providers.



Network Service Provider	Grid Type
AS/NZS 4777.2:2015	/
AS/NZS 4777.2:2020	
Australia A	1
AS/NZS 4777.2:2020	
Australia B	1
AS/NZS 4777.2:2020	
Australia C	1
ENERGEX & Ergon Energy	 STNW1170: single-phase < 10 kVA & three-phase < 30 kVA
	• STNW1174: 30 kVA < P _n ≤ 1500 kVA
Jemena	 ≤ 10 kVA per phase (or 30 kVA per three phase)
	• ELE GU 0014: 30 kVA-200 kVA
Endeavour Energy	MDI 0043
Ausgrid	NS194
CitiPower & Powercor	 ≤ 5 kVA for single-phase & 30 kVA for three-phase
	 > 30 kVA three-phase
United Energy	 UE-ST-2008.1: ≤ 10 kVA for single- phase & 30 kVA for three-phase
	• UE-ST-2008.2: > 30 kVA three-phase
PowerWater	Embedded Generation Notice Photovoltaic Systems:2020
	 TS129-2019: < 10 kW for single-phase & 30 kW for three-phase
SA Power Networks	• TS130-2017: > 30 kW & ≤ 200 kW
	• TS131-2018: > 200 kW
Horizon Power	 HPC-9DJ-13-0001-2019: ≤ 10kVA for single-phase & 30 kVA for three-phase
	• HPC-9DJ-13-0002-2019: > 30kVA & ≤1MVA
westernpower	EDM#33612889-2019
AusNet Services	Basic Micro Embedded Generation: 2020

table 7-1 Description of Network Service Provider and Grid Type

* For compliance with AS/NZS 4777.2:2020, please select from Australia A/B/C. Please contact your electricity grid operator for which region to use.

- Please check the country supported by this product at http:// support.sungrowpower.com/.
- 6
- Set **Country/Region** to the country/region where the inverter is installed. Otherwise, the inverter may report a fault.
- For the commissioning process country code must be selected before the inverter can operate.
- step 10 After a plant is successfully created, return to the App home page to view the plant information.

- - End

8 iSolarCloud App

8.1 Brief Introduction

The iSolarCloud App can establish communication connection to the inverter via the WLAN, providing remote monitoring, data logging and near-end maintenance on the inverter. Users can also view inverter information and set parameters through the App.

* To achieve direct login via WLAN, the wireless communication module developed and manufactured by SUNGROW is required. The iSolarCloud App can also establish communication connection to the inverter via Ethernet connection.

This manual describes only how to achieve near-end maintenance via WLAN direct connection.

Screenshots in this manual are based on the V2.1.6 App for Android system, and the actual interfaces may differ.

8.2 Installing App

Method 1

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Download and install the App through the following application stores:

- MyApp (Android, mainland China users)
- Google Play (Android, users other than mainland China ones)
- App Store (iOS)

Method 2

Scan the following QR code to download and install the App according to the prompt information.



The App icon appears on the home screen after installation.



8.3 Account Registration

The account distinguishes two user groups, end user and distributor/installer.

- The end user can view plant information, create plants, set parameters, share plants, etc.
- The distributor/installer can help the end user to create plants, manage, install, or maintain plants, and manage users and organizations.
- step 1 Tap **REGISTER** to enter the registration screen.

JSER REGISTRATION	
Account Type	
EADD Read	
Please select the relevant server fr not available, please select the int station	
Distributor/Installer is the person o or/and manage the plant, and sup end user	
End User	
End User is the person who will ov one inverter or more	vn or has owned

- step 2 Select the relevant server for your area.
- step 3 Select End user or Distributor/Installer to enter the corresponding screen.

Distributor/Installer		
* Contact Phone Number		
+86 ~ Please Enter		
Send Verification Code		
* Verification Code		
Please Enter	⑦ Help	
Username ①		
Please Enter		
* Password		
Please Enter		
* Confirm Password		
Please Enter		
* Country/Region	~	
Please Select	/	
Company Name		
O Accept Privacy Policy		
REGISTER		

step 4 Fill in the registration information, including email, verification code, password and affirmance and country (region). The distributor/installer has the permission to fill in the company name and the code of upper level installer/distributor.



The code of upper level distributor/installer can be obtained from the upper level distributor/installer. Only when your organization belongs to the upper level distributor/installer organization, can you fill in the corresponding code.

- step 5 Tick Accept privacy protocol and tap Register to finish the registration operation.
 - - End

8.4 Login

8.4.1 Requirements

The following requirements should be met:

- The AC or DC side of the inverter is powered-on.
- The WLAN function of the mobile phone is enabled.
- The mobile phone is within the coverage of the wireless network produced by the communication module.

8.4.2 Login Procedure

step 1 For the WiNet-S module, press the multi-function button 3 times to enable the WLAN hotspot. No password is required and the valid time is 30 minutes.



figure 8-1 Enabling the WLAN Hotspot

- step 3 Open the App to enter the login screen. Tap Local Access to enter the next screen.
- step 4 Tap **Confirm**, then enter the password and tap **LOGIN**.Or tap **MANUAL CONNECTION** at the bottom of the interface and select **WiNet-S**, then enter the password and tap **LOGIN**.
 - If the WiFi signal, serial number or inverter related data information cannot be found, unplug and reinsert the Winet-S or press the multi-function button of the Winet-S three times.
 - The default account is "user" and the initial password is "pw1111" which should be changed for the consideration of account security. Tap "More" at the lower right corner on home page and choose "Change Password".



figure 8-2 WLAN Local Access

step 5 If the inverter is not initialized, navigate to the quick setting screen to initialize the protection parameters. For details, please refer to **"Initial Settings"**.

NOTICE

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The "Country/Region" must be set to the country where the inverter is installed at. Otherwise, the inverter may report errors.

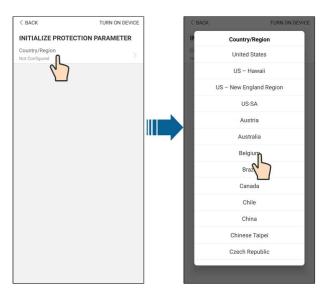


figure 8-3 WLAN Local Access

- step 6 After finishing the settings, tap **TUNR ON DEVICE** at the upper right corner and the device will be initialized. The App will send start instructions and the device will start and operate.
- step 7 After initialization settings, the App will return automatically to the home page.

- - End

8.5 Initial Settings

8.5.1 Feed-in Limitation

The function of the feed-in limitation is to control the amount of power injected in the grid by the plant. In some situations, this function is also called as **Export limitation** or **Zero export**. The feed-in limitation function requires the using of Smart Energy Meter. Without the Smart Energy Meter, the feed-in limitation function will be unavailable.

Parameter	Default value	Range	
Feed-in Limitation	Off	On / Off	
Feed-in Limitation Value	Rated power	0 ~ Rated power	
Feed-in Limitation Ratio	100.0%	0~100%	
Rated Power of Original Power	Depends on inverter power of other companies		
Generation Systems			

table 8-1 Description of feed-in limitation parameters

8.5.2 Backup Mode

The backup mode is off by default, the user can set an amount of **Reserved Battery SOC for Off-Grid**. It is the minimum battery level in the on-grid state and will be supplied to the Backup loads in case of grid blackout.

8.6 Function Overview

The App provides parameter viewing and setting functions, as shown in the following figure.

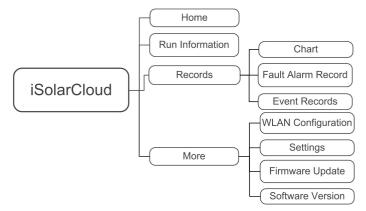


figure 8-4 App Function Tree Map

8.7 Home

Home page of the App is shown in the following figure.



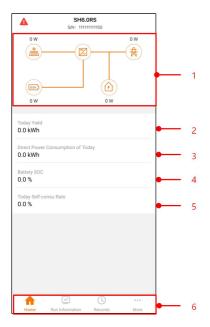


figure 8-5 Home

No.	Name	Description		
		Shows the PV power generation power, feed-in		
1	l	power, etc. The line with an arrow indicates energy		
	Load flow chart	flow between connected devices, and the arrow		
		pointing indicates energy flow direction.		
2	Today yield	Shows today power generation of the inverter		
	Direct Power Con-	Chows electricity directly concurred by loads today		
3	sumption of Today	Shows electricity directly consumed by loads today		
4	Battery SOC	Indicates remaining battery capacity		
_	Today Self-consu	Indicates today self-consumption rate of the PV		
5	Rate	system		
6	Novigation bar	Includes menus of Home, Run Information, Re-		
	Navigation bar	cords, and More.		

If the inverter runs abnormally, the fault icon \triangle appears on the upper left corner of the screen. Users can tap the icon to view detailed fault information and corrective measures.

8.8 Run Information

Tap **Run Information** on the navigation bar to enter the corresponding screen, as shown in the following figure.

RUN INFORMATION	
PV Information	^
String 1 Voltage 0.0 V	
String 1 Current 0.00 A	
String 2 Voltage 0.0 V	
String 2 Current 0.00 A	
Daily PV Yield 0.0 kWh	
Total PV Yield 0.0 kWh	
Inverter Information	^
Running Status Shut Down	
Bus Voltage 0.0 V	
Internal Air Temperature 24.9 °C	
Array Insulation Resistance 0 kΩ	
Country (Region) Information Germany	
Ripple Control state No RIPP Schedule	
Power Limitation Mode Unlimited Power	

figure 8-6 Run Information

The run information includes the PV information, inverter information, input, output, grid information, load information, and battery information.

8.9 Records

Tap **Records** on the navigation bar to enter the screen, as shown in the following figure.

A 🖬 🗇 …	岩 🖘 🗐 🕯 82% 🖬 13:43
RECO	ORDS
🗠 Chart	>
A Fault Alarm Record	>
Event Record	· · · >

figure 8-7 Records

On **Records** screen, users can view chart and check fault alarm record.

8.9.1 Chart

Tap **Chart** to enter the screen showing daily power generation, as shown in the following figure.



figure 8-8 Power Curve

The App displays power generation records in a variety of forms, including daily power generation graph, monthly power generation histogram, annual power generation histogram, and total power generation histogram.

table 8-3 Description or	power generation records
--------------------------	--------------------------

Item	Description
Daily power generation	Indicates today power generation, charging, feed-in power,
graph	and direct consumption power
Monthly power generation	Indicates monthly power generation, charging, feed-in
histogram	power, and direct consumption power
Annual power generation	Indicates annual power generation, charging, feed-in power,
histogram	and direct consumption power
Total power generation	Indicates total power generation, charging, feed-in power,
histogram	and direct consumption power

8.9.2 Fault Alarm Record

Tap Fault Alarm Record to enter the screen, as shown in the following figure.

FAL	ILT ALARM RECORD (82)
	2020-04-09 📰 - 2020-04-09 📰
8	Inversion Switch Tube Over-temperature
	Recovery Time: 2020-04-09 09:36:30
	Alarm Level: Important
8	Inversion Switch Tube Over-temperature
•	and a second
	Recovery Time: 2020-04-09 09:36:26
	Alarm Level: Important

figure 8-9 Fault Alarm Record



Click " " to select a time segment and view corresponding records.

Select one of the records in the list and click the record, to view the detailed fault info as shown in following figure.

ACK INVERSION SWITCH TUBE OVER-TEMPERATURE
Alarm Level: Important
Recovery Time: 2020-04-09 09:36:30
Alarm ID: 300
Repair Advice
If the fault occurs repeatedly, Please Contact Customer Service Center of Sungrow Power.

figure 8-10 Detailed fault alarm info

8.9.3 Event Record

Tap Event Record to enter the screen, as shown in the following figure.

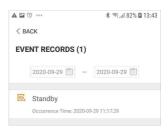


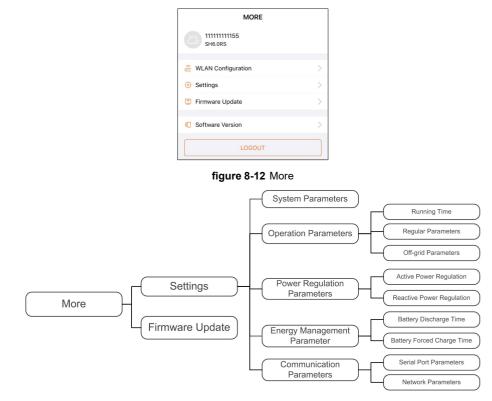
figure 8-11 Event Record

Click is to select a time segment and view corresponding records.

8.10 More

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Tap **More** on the navigation bar to enter the screen, as shown in the following figure.



The More screen supports the following operations:

- Set parameters including inverter system parameters and energy management parameter.
- Upgrade inverter firmware of the communication module.

8.10.1 System Parameters

Tap **Settings** \rightarrow **System Parameters** to enter the corresponding interface, as shown in the following figure.

< back	
SYSTEM PARAMETERS	
Boot Shutdown Boot	
Date Setting 2021–11–11	
Time Setting 14:19:04	
Software Version 1	
Software Version 2	

figure 8-13 System Parameters

* The image shown here is for reference only.

Boot/Shutdown

Tap Boot/Shutdown to send the boot/shutdown instruction to the inverter.

For Australia and New Zealand, when the DRM state is DRM0, the "Boot" option will be prohibited.

Date Setting/Time Setting

The correct system time is very important. Wrong system time will directly affect the data logging and power generation value. The clock is in 24-hour format.

Software Version

Version information of the current firmware.

8.10.2 Running Time

Tap **Settings** \rightarrow **Operation Parameters** \rightarrow **Running Time** to enter the corresponding screen, on which you can set **Connecting Time** and **Reconnecting Time**.

< BACK
RUNNING TIME
Connecting Time 60 s
Reconnecting Time 60 s

figure 8-14 Running Time

table 8-4 Description of running time parameters

Parameter	Explanation	Default	Range
Connecting	The time that the inverter takes to enter in-		
Connecting	to the running mode from the standby	60s	10s ~ 900s
Time	mode in fault-free state		
Reconnect-	The time that the inverter takes to recover		
	from the fault state to normal state (the in-	60s	0s~3600s
ing Time	verter is not running)		

8.10.3 Regular Parameters

Tap **Settings** \rightarrow **Operation Parameters** \rightarrow **Regular Parameters** to enter the screen, as shown in the following figure.

< back	
REGULAR PARAMETERS	
DO Configuration Off	>
NS Protection(Passive Valid)	

figure 8-15 Regular Parameters

After connecting the load to the DO terminals, a relay control signal will be transmitted. Users can flexibly set the control mode of DO configuration according to individual demand. NS protection is enabled, and the inverter stops in an emergency.



table 8-5 The control mode of DO configuration

Mode	Setting description
Off	-
Grounding Detection	See "8.10.11 Grounding Detection"

8.10.4 Off-grid Parameters

Tap **Settings** \rightarrow **Operation Parameters** \rightarrow **Off-grid Parameters** to enter the screen, as shown in the following figure.

< BACK
OFF-GRID PARAMETERS
Switching Time from Ongrid to Offgrid 20 ms
Backup Mode
Reserved Battery SOC for Off-Grid 0 %

figure 8-16 Off-grid Parameters

Refer to the description in "8.5.2 Backup Mode" .

8.10.5 Active Power Regulation

Tap Settings \rightarrow Power Regulation Parameters \rightarrow Active Power Regulation to enter the screen, as shown in the following figure.

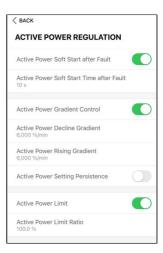


figure 8-17 Active Power Regulation

table 8-6 Description of active power regulation

Parameter	Description	Default	Range
Active Power Soft	Switch for activating/deactivating the		
Start after Fault	function of active power soft start after	On	On/Off
Start alter Fault	a fault occurs		
Active Power Soft	The soft start time required for raising		
Start Time after	active power from 0 to rated value	600s	1s ~ 1200s
Fault	after a fault occurs		
Active Power Gra-	Set whether to enable active power	On	On/Off
dient Control	gradient control		
Active Power De-	Decline gradient of inverter active	- 39%/min	1%/min ~ 6000%/min
cline Gradient	power per minute		
Active Power Ris-	Rising gradient of inverter active		
ing Gradient	power per minute		
Active Power Set-	Switch for activating/deactivating the		
ting Persistence	function of active power setting	Off	On/Off
	persistence		
Active Power Limit	Switch for limiting active power	On	On/Off
Active Power Limit	The ratio of active power limit to rated	100.0%	0~100%
Ratio	power in percentage	100.0%	0~100%

8.10.6 Reactive Power Regulation

Tap Settings \rightarrow Power Regulation Parameters \rightarrow Reactive Power Regulation to enter the screen, as shown in the following figure.

< back		
REACTIVE POWER REGULATION		
Reactive Power Setting Persistence		
Reactive Power Regulation Mode Qt		
Reactive Response		
Reactive Response Time 30.0 s		
Reactive Power Ratio		

figure 8-18 Reactive Power Regulation

Parameter	Description	Default	Range
Reactive Power	Switch for activating/deactivating the		
Setting	function of reactive power setting	On	On / Off
Persistence	persistence		
Reactive Power			Off / PF /
	-	Off	Qt / Q(P) /
Regulation Mode			Q(U)
Reactive	Reactive response function on and off	On	On / Off
Response			
Reactive Re-	Reactive power response time	30.0s	0.1s —
sponse Time			600s
Reactive Power	Ratio of reactive power	0.0%	0.0% —
Ratio			100%

table 8-7 Description of reactive power regulation

table 8-8 Descriptions of reactive power regulation mode:

Mode	Descriptions
Off	The PF is fixed at +1.000.
PF	The reactive power can be regulated by the parameter PF (Power Factor).
Qt	The reactive power can be regulated by the parameter Q-Var limits (in %).
Q(P)	The PF changes with the output power of the inverter.
Q(U)	The reactive power changes with the grid voltage.

"Off" Mode

The reactive power regulation function is disabled. The PF is limited to +1.000.

"PF" Mode

The power factor is fixed and reactive power setpoint is calculated according to the current power. The PF ranges from 0.8 leading to 0.8 lagging.

Leading: the inverter is sourcing reactive power to the grid.

Lagging: the inverter is injecting reactive power into the grid.

"Qt" Mode

In the Qt mode, system rated reactive power is fixed, and the system injects reactive power according to the delivered reactive power ratio. The **Reactive Power Ratio** is set through the App.

The setting range of the reactive power ratio is 0~100% or 0~-100%, corresponding to the ranges of inductive and capacitive reactive power regulation respectively.

"Q(P)" Mode

The PF of the inverter output varies in response to the output power of the inverter.

Parameter	Explanation	Range	
Q(P) Curve	Select corresponding curve according to	A, B, C*	
	local regulations	A, D, C	
QP_P1	Output power at P1 on the Q(P) mode	00/ 4000/	
	curve (in percentage)	0% ~ 100%	
QP_P2	Output power at P2 on the Q(P) mode	00% 400%	
	curve (in percentage)	20% ~ 100%	
QP_P3	Output power at P3 on the Q(P) mode	000/ 4000/	
	curve (in percentage)	20% ~ 100%	
QP_K1	Power factor at P1 on the Q(P) mode		
	curve		
QP_K2	Power factor at P2 on the Q(P) mode	Curve A/C: 0.8 ~ 1	
	curve	Curve B: - 0.6 ~ 0.6	
QP_K3	Power factor at P3 on the Q(P) mode		
	curve		
QP_	Voltage percentage for Q(P) function	100% ~ 110%	
EnterVoltage	activation	10070 11070	
QP_ExitVoltage	Voltage percentage for Q(P) function	90% ~ 100%	
	deactivation		
QP_ExitPower	Power percentage for Q(P) function	1% ~ 100%	
	deactivation		
QP_EnableMode	Unconditional activation/deactivation of Q	Yes / No	
	(P) function	1037110	

table 8-9 "Q(P)" Mode Parameter Descriptions:

* Curve C is reserved and consistent with Curve A currently.

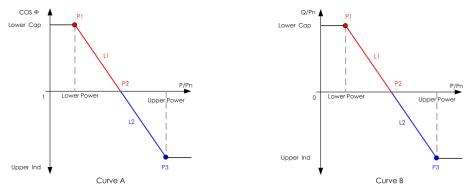


figure 8-19 Q(P) Curve

"Q(U)" Mode

The reactive power output of the inverter will vary in response to the grid voltage.

table 8-10 "Q(U)" Mode Parameter Descriptions:				
Parameter	Explanation	Range		
Q(U) curve	Select corresponding curve according to lo-	A, B, C*		
	cal regulations			
Hysteresis Ratio	Voltage hysteresis ratio on the Q(U) mode	0~5%		
	curve	0~5%		
QU_V1	Grid voltage limit at P1 on the Q(U) mode	77% ~ 123%		
	curve	1170~12370		
QU_Q1	Value of Q/Sn at P1 on the Q(U) mode	-60% ~ 0		
	curve	-00 /0 0		
QU_V2	Grid voltage limit at P2 on the Q(U) mode	77% ~ 123%		
	curve	11/0 120/0		
QU_Q2	Value of Q/Sn at P2 on the Q(U) mode	-60% ~ 60%		
	curve	0070 0070		
QU_V3	Grid voltage limit at P3 on the Q(U) mode	77% ~ 123%		
	curve			
QU_Q3	Value of Q/Sn at P3 on the Q(U) mode	-60% ~ 60%		
	curve			
QU_V4	Grid voltage limit at P4 on the Q(U) mode	77% ~ 123%		
	curve			
QU_Q4	Value of Q/Sn at P4 on the Q(U) mode	0~60%		
	curve			
QU_EnterPower	Active power for Q(U) function activation	20% ~ 100%		
QU_ExitPower	Active power for Q(U) function deactivation	1% ~ 20%		
QU_EnableMode	Unconditional activation/deactivation of Q	Yes / No / Yes,		
	(U) function	Limited by PF		

table 8-10 "Q(U)" Mode Parameter Descriptions:

* Curve C is reserved and consistent with Curve A currently.

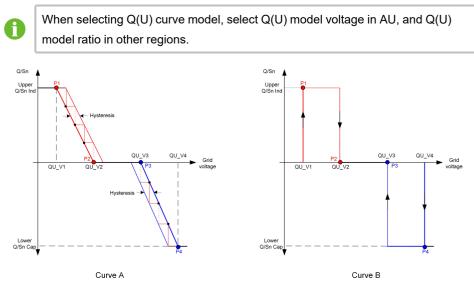


figure 8-20 Q(U) Curve

8.10.7 Battery Discharge Time

Tap Settings \rightarrow Energy Management Parameter \rightarrow Battery Discharge Time to enter the corresponding screen, as shown in the following figure.

These are the times of day at which the battery is allowed to discharge to the house loads.

< BACK	
BATTERY DISCHARGE TIME	
Weekday Discharging Start Time 1 00:00	
Weekday Discharging End Time 1 24:00	
Weekday Discharging Start Time 2 00:00	
Weekday Discharging End Time 2 24:00	
Weekend Discharging	
Weekend Discharging Start Time 1 00:00	
Weekend Discharging End Time 1 24:00	
Weekend Discharging Start Time 2 00:00	
Weekend Discharging End Time 2	
24:00	

figure 8-21 Battery Discharge Time

8.10.8 Battery Forced Charge Time

Tap **Settings→Energy Management Parameter→Battery Forced Charge Time** to enter the corresponding screen.

These are the times of day at which the inverter will start charging the battery with rated AC power.

< back	
BATTERY FORCED CHARGE T	IME
Forced Charging	
Forced Charging Valid Day Every Day	
Forced Charging Start Time 1 00:00	
Forced Charging End Time 1 00:00	
Forced Charging Start Time 2 00:00	
Forced Charging End Time 2 00:00	
Forced Charging Target SOC1 0 %	
Forced Charging Target SOC2 0 %	

figure 8-22 Battery Forced Charge Time

When there is no PV power, the power imported from the grid charges the energy system during the time period until the target SOC is reached.

It is recommended to set the time period in off-peak tariff time. The time period 1 is in priority to the time period 2 if two periods overlap. The charging energy comes from the excess PV energy in priority and then from the grid. The inverter will take charging power from the grid in the case of PV energy shortage.

8.10.9 Communication Parameters

Tap **Settings**→**Communication Parameters** to enter the screen, as shown in the following figure.

< BACK COMMUNICATION PARAMETERS	 < BACK SERIAL PORT PARAMETERS 	
Serial Port Parameters	Device Address	IP Address 1
Network Parameters		IP Address 2 168
		IP Address 3
		IP Address 4 100
		Gateway 1 192
		Gateway 2 168
		Gateway 3 1
		Gateway 4 1
		37 20-3 V 185 A 202

figure 8-23 Communication Parameters

- The device address ranges from 1 to 246.
- The IP adress, gateway, subnet mask, preferred DNS server and alternate DNS server can be modified only when the DHCP is set to Off.
- Acquire the IP adress, gateway, subnet mask, preferred DNS server and alternate DNS server from the network professional.

8.10.10 Firmware Update

To avoid download failure due to poor on-site network signal, it is recommended to download the firmware package to the mobile device in advance.

- step 1 Enable the "Mobile data" of the mobile device.
- step 2 Open the App, enter the account and password on the login screen. Tap **Login** to enter the home screen.
- step 3 Tap **More**→**Firmware Download** to enter corresponding screen on which you can view the device list.
- step 4 Select the device model before downloading the firmware. Tap the device name in the de-

vice list to enter the firmware upgrade package detail interface, and tap $\stackrel{\checkmark}{\rightharpoonup}$ behind the firmware upgrade package to download it.

< back	<u> </u>
SH5.0RS	
Inverter	
Once the download is complete, select the downlo upgrade package to upgrade through "Local Acces More/Firmware Update">>	
sh3.0_3.6_4.0_5.0_6.0rs_20210519.zip	<u> </u>

- step 5 Return to the **Firmware Download** screen, tap $\underline{\checkmark}$ in the upper right corner of the screen to view the downloaded firmware upgrade package.
- step 6 Login the App via local access mode. Refer to "8.4 Login".
- step 7 Tap More on the App home screen and then tap Firmware Update.
- step 8 Tap the upgrade package file, a prompt box will pop up asking you to upgrade the firmware with the file, tap **CONFIRM** to perform the firmware upgrade.

SELECT FIRMWARE	
Downloaded file	
sh3.0_3.6_4.0_5.0_6.0rs_20210519.zip SH5.0RS	

step 9 Wait for the file to be uploaded. When the upgrade is finished, the interface will inform you of the upgrade completion. Tap **Complete** to end the upgrade.

FIRM	WARE UPDATE
	(1)
	2%
	File is being uploaded. Please wait

- - End

8.10.11 Grounding Detection



Contact your distributor to obtain the advanced account and corresponding password before setting the earth detection parameters. If the distributor is unable to provide the required information, contact SUNGROW.

Unauthorized personnel are not allowed to log in with this account. Otherwise, SUNGROW shall not be held liable for any damages caused.

Tap More \rightarrow Settings \rightarrow Operation Parameters \rightarrow Grounding Detection to enter the corresponding screen.

< BACK	
GROUNDING DETECTION	
Grounding Detection	
Grounding Detection Alarm Value	

figure 8-24 Grounding Detection

If the grounding detection is enabled, the DO relay will switch on automatically to signal the external alarm if the value exceeds the grounding detection alarm value. The buzzer inside the inverter will beep.

The PV insulation resistance fault (fault sub-code 039) will trigger the DO relay to signal the external alarm.

8.10.12 Frequency Shift Power Control

Tap **More**→**Settings**→**Operation Parameters**→**Other Parameters** to enter the corresponding screen.

Frequency Shift Power Control	
Frequency Shift Test	
Set Test Frequency	
50.00 Hz	

Parameter	Default value	Range
Frequency Shift Power Control	OFF	ON / OFF
Frequency Shift Test	OFF	ON / OFF
Set Test Frequency	50.00 Hz	50.00 ~ 55.00 Hz

If PV inverters are connected on the AC side during battery-backup operation, the hybrid inverter must be able to limit their output power. This limitation becomes necessary when, for example, the hybrid inverter's battery is fully charged and the power available from the PV system exceeds the power requirement of the connected loads.

To prevent excess energy from overcharging the battery, the hybrid inverter automatically detects the problem and changes the frequency at the AC output. This frequency adjustment is analyzed by the PV inverter. As soon as the power frequency of the battery-backup grid

increases beyond the value specified in **Set Test Frequency**, the PV inverter limits its output power accordingly.

Before retrofitting the existing PV system to an off-grid port, the **Frequency Shift Power Control** parameter needs to be enabled. It must be ensured that the connected PV inverters limit their power at the AC output via the hybrid inverter due to changes in frequency. The frequency-dependent active power limitation PF must be set in the PV inverter.



When the battery SOC is greater than 85%, the Hybrid inverter will standby before starting when switching off-grid, and does not support seamless switching.

8.10.13 Import Power Limit

Import power is the sum of the battery charging power and the load power of the Backup. Following local regulations, calculate the maximum system tolerable power based on the wire and circuit breaker that required by the selected model, and the value can be set as the **Import Power Limit**. The setup steps are shown below.

Tap $More \rightarrow Settings \rightarrow Operation$ Parameters $\rightarrow Other$ Parameters to enter the corresponding screen.

Frequency Shift Power Control	
Frequency Shift Test	
Set Test Frequency 51.00 Hz	
Import Power Limit 13.00 kW	

SUNGROW

9 System Decommissioning

9.1 Decommissioning the Inverter

9.1.1 Disconnecting Inverter

Danger of burns!

Even if the inverter is shut down, it may still be hot and cause burns. Wear protective gloves before operating the inverter after it cools down.

For maintenance or other service work, the inverter must be switched off. Proceed as follows to disconnect the inverter from the AC and DC power sources. Lethal voltages or damage to the inverter will follow if otherwise.

- step 1 Disconnect the external AC circuit breaker and prevent it from inadvertent reconnection
- step 2 Rotate the DC switch to the "OFF" position for disconnecting all of the PV string inputs.
- step 3 Wait about 10 minutes until the capacitors inside the inverter completely discharge.
- step 4 Ensure that the DC cable is current-free with a current clamp.

- - End

9.1.2 Dismantling the Inverter

Risk of burn injuries and electric shock! Do not touch any inner live parts until for at least 10 minutes after disconnecting the inverter from the utility grid and the PV input.



Before dismantling the inverter, disconnect both AC and DC connections.

- step 1 Refer to "6 Electrical Connection" for the inverter disconnection of all cables in reverse steps.
- step 2 Dismantle the inverter referring to "5 Mechanical Mounting" in reverse steps.
- step 3 If necessary, remove the wall-mounting bracket from the wall.
- step 4 If the inverter will be reinstalled in the future, please refer to "4.3 Inverter Storage" for a proper conservation.

- - End

9.1.3 Disposal of Inverter

Users take the responsibility for the disposal of the inverter.

A WARNING

Please scrap the inverter in accordance with relevant local regulations and standards to avoid property losses or casualties.

NOTICE

Some parts of the inverter may cause environmental pollution. Please dispose of them in accordance with the disposal regulations for electronic waste applicable at the installation site.

9.2 Decommissioning the Battery

Decommission the battery in the system after the inverter is decommissioned. Proceed as follows to decommission a Li-ion battery.

- step 1 Disconnect the DC circuit breaker between the battery and the inverter.
- step 2 Disconnect the communication cable between the battery and the inverter.
- step 3 Wait for about 1 minute and then use the multimeter to measure the port voltage of the battery.
- step 4 If the battery port voltage is zero, disconnect the power cables from the battery module.

- - End



For disposal of this product, please call the phone number listed in the warranty booklet provided at the time of purchase.

10 Troubleshooting and Maintenance

10.1 Troubleshooting

Once the inverter fails, the fault information can be displayed on the App interface. If the inverter is equipped with an LCD screen, the fault information can be viewed on it. The fault codes and troubleshooting methods of all Hybrid inverters are detailed in the table below. The device you purchase may only contain some of the fault information, and when the inverter fails, you can check the corresponding information through the fault codes from the mobile App.

Alarm ID	Alarm Name	Corrective Measures
2, 3, 14, 15 Grid Overvo		Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the grid after the grid returns to normal. If the fault occurs repeatedly:
	Grid Overvoltage	1. Measure the actual grid voltage, and contact the lo- cal electric power company for solutions if the grid voltage is higher than the set value.
		2. Check whether the protection parameters are ap- propriately set via the App or the LCD. Modify the overvoltage protection values with the consent of the local electric power operator.
		3. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
4, 5		Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the grid after the grid returns to normal. If the fault occurs repeatedly:
	Grid Undervoltage	 Measure the actual grid voltage, and contact the local electric power company for solutions if the grid voltage is lower than the set value. Check whether the protection parameters are ap-
		propriately set via the App or the LCD.
		3. Check whether the AC cable is firmly in place.
		4. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.

Alarm ID	Alarm Name	Corrective Measures
	Grid	Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the grid
8 Overfree	Overfrequency	after the grid returns to normal. If the fault occurs
		repeatedly:
		1. Measure the actual grid frequency, and contact the
	Grid Underfrequency	local electric power company for solutions if the grid
9		frequency is beyond the set range.
	endemoquency	2. Check whether the protection parameters are ap-
		propriately set via the App or the LCD.
		3. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
		Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the grid
		after the grid returns to normal. If the fault occurs
		repeatedly:
		1. Check whether the grid supplies power reliably.
10	Grid Power	2. Check whether the AC cable is firmly in place.
10	Outage	3. Check whether the AC cable is connected to the
		correct terminal (whether the live wire and the N wire
		are correctly in place).
		4. Check whether the AC circuit breaker is connected.
		5. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
		1. The fault can be caused by poor sunlight or damp
		environment, and generally the inverter will be recon-
12	Excess Leakage	nected to the grid after the environment is improved.
12	Current	2. If the environment is normal, check whether the AC
		and DC cables are well insulated.
		3. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
		Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the grid
	Grid Abnormal	after the grid returns to normal. If the fault occurs
13		repeatedly:
		1. Measure the actual grid, and contact the local elec-
		tric power company for solutions if the grid parameter
		exceeds the set range.
		2. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.

Alarm ID	Alarm Name	Corrective Measures
17		Generally, the inverter will be reconnected to the grid after the grid returns to normal. If the fault occurs repeatedly:
	Grid Voltage	1. Measure the actual grid voltage. If grid phase vol- tages differ greatly, contact the electric power com- pany for solutions.
	Imbalance	2. If the voltage difference between phases is within
		the permissible range of the local power company,
		modify the grid voltage imbalance parameter through the App or the LCD.
		3. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
28, 29, 208,	PV Reverse Con- nection Fault	1. Check whether the corresponding string is of re- verse polarity. If so, disconnect the DC switch and ad- just the polarity when the string current drops below 0.5 A.
212, 448-		2. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
479		*The code 28 to code 29 are corresponding to PV1 to PV2 respectively.
		*The code 448 to code 479 are corresponding to string 1 to string 32 respectively.
		1. Check whether the corresponding string is of re- verse polarity. If so, disconnect the DC switch and ad-
		just the polarity when the string current drops below 0.5 A.
532-547,	PV Reverse Con-	2. If the alarm still exists, contact SUNGROW.
564-579	nection Alarm	*The code 532 to code 547 are corresponding to string 1 to string 16 respectively.
		*The code 564 to code 579 are corresponding to string 17 to string 32 respectively.

Alarm ID	Alarm Name	Corrective Measures		
		Check whether the voltage and current of the inverter is abnormal to determine the cause of the alarm.		
		1. Check whether the corresponding module is shel- tered. If so, remove the shelter and ensure module cleanness.		
548-563,	PV Abnormal	2. Check whether the battery board wiring is loose, if so, make it reliably connected.		
580-595	Alarm	3. Check if the DC fuse is damaged. If so, replace the fuse.		
		4. If the alarm still exists, contact SUNGROW.		
		*The code 548 to code 563 are corresponding to		
		string 1 to string 16 respectively.		
		*The code 580 to code 595 are corresponding to		
		string 17 to string 32 respectively.		
	Excessively High Ambient Temperature	Generally, the inverter will resume operation when the internal or module temperature returns to normal. If the fault persists:		
		1. Check whether the ambient temperature of the in-		
		verter is too high;		
37		2. Check whether the inverter is in a well-ventilated place;		
		 Check whether the inverter is exposed to direct sunlight. Shield it if so; 		
		4. Check whether the fan is running properly. Replace the fan if not;		
		5. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.		
	Excessively Low	Stop and disconnect the inverter. Restart the inverter		
43	Ambient	when the ambient temperature rises within the opera-		
	Temperature	tion temperature range.		

Alarm ID	Alarm Name	Corrective Measures
		Wait for the inverter to return to normal. If the fault oc-
		curs repeatedly:
		1. Check whether the ISO resistance protection value
		is excessively high via the app or the LCD, and en-
		sure that it complies with the local regulations.
		2. Check the resistance to ground of the string and
	Low System Incu	DC cable. Take corrective measures in case of short
39	Low System Insu- lation Resistance	circuit or damaged insulation layer.
		3. If the cable is normal and the fault occurs on rainy
		days, check it again when the weather turns fine.
		4. If there are batteries, check whether battery cables
		are damaged and whether terminals are loose or in
		poor contact. If so, replace the damaged cable and
		secure terminals to ensure a reliable connection.
		5. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
		1. Check whether the AC cable is correctly connected.
106	Grounding Cable	2. Check whether the insulation between the ground
106	Fault	cable and the live wire is normal.
		3. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
		1. Disconnect the DC power supply, and check
		whether any DC cable is damaged, the connection
		terminal or fuse is loose or there is a weak contact. If
		so, replace the damaged cable, fasten the terminal or
88	Electric Arc Fault	fuse, and replace the burnt component.
		2. After performing step 1, reconnect the DC power
		supply, and clear the electric arc fault via the App or
		the LCD, after that the inverter will return to normal.
		 If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW. Reduce the load power at the off-grid port or cut off
F 4	Off-Grid Load	some loads.
51	OverPower Fault	
		 If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW. Check if the meter is wrongly connected.
84	Reverse Connec-	
		2. Check if the input and output wiring of the meter is reversed.
	tion Alarm of the	
	Meter/CT	3. If the existing system is enabled, please check if
		the rated power setting of the existing inverter is
		correct.

Alarm ID	Alarm Name	Corrective Measures
		1. Check whether the communication cable and the
	Meter Communi-	terminals are abnormal. If so, correct them to ensure
514	cation Abnormal	reliable connection.
	Alarm	2. Reconnect the communication cable of the meter.
		3. If the alarm still exists, contact SUNGROW.
	Crid	1. Check whether the output port is connected to ac-
323	Grid Confrontation	tual grid. Disconnect it from the grid if so.
	Controntation	2. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
		1. Check whether the communication cable and the
	Inverter Parallel	terminals are abnormal. If so, correct them to ensure
75	Communication	reliable connection.
	Alarm	2. Reconnect the communication cable of the meter.
		3. If the alarm still exists, contact SUNGROW.
		1. Check whether the communication cable and the
	DMC Communi	terminals are abnormal. If so, correct them to ensure
714	BMS Communi- cation Fault	reliable connection.
	Cation Fault	2. Reconnect the communication cable of the meter.
		3. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
		1. Check whether the battery is reversely connected
716	Abnormal Battery	or not connected. If so, correct the battery power ca-
710	Connection	ble connection.
		2. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
		Generally, the battery can automatically recover. In
932–935,		case the alarm persist for a long time:
932–933, 937, 939–		1. If the alarm is caused by ambient temperature,
943, 964,	Battery Alarm	such as over temperature alarm or low temperature
840		alarm, take measures to change the ambient temper-
0.10		ature, such as improving heat dissipation conditions.
		2. If the fault persists, contact battery manufacturer.

Alarm ID	Alarm Name	Corrective Measures
700 707		1. In case of abnormal battery voltage, check whether
703, 707,		the battery power cable connection is abnormal (re-
708, 711,		verse connection, loose, etc.). If so, correct it to en-
712, 715,		sure reliable connection.
717, 732–		2. Check whether the battery real-time voltage is ab-
737, 739–	Dettern Fault	normal if the battery power cable is correctly con-
747, 832–	Battery Fault	nected. If so, contact the battery manufacturer. If not,
837, 839,		contact SUNGROW.
841, 844,		3. In case of abnormal battery temperature, take
864, 866–		measures to change the ambient temperature, such
868, 870,		as improving heat dissipation conditions.
1000, 1001		4. If the fault persists, contact battery manufacturer.
7, 11, 16,		
19–25, 30–		
34, 36, 38,		
40–42, 44–		
50, 52–58,		
60–69, 85,		
87, 92, 93,		
100–105,		
107–114,		1. Wait for the inverter to return to normal.
116–124,		
200–211,		2. Disconnect the AC and DC switches, and discon-
248–255,	System Fault	nect the battery side switches if there are batteries.
300–322,		Close the AC and DC switches in turn 15 minutes lat-
324–328,		er and restart the system.
401–412,		3. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.
600–603,		
605, 608,		
612, 616,		
620, 622–		
624, 800,		
802, 804,		
807, 1096–		
001, 1000		

Alarm ID	Alarm Name	Corrective Measures
59, 70–74, 76–83, 89, 216–218, 220–233, 432–434, 500–513, 515–518, 635–638, 900, 901, 910, 911, 996	System Alarm	 The inverter can continue running. Check whether the related wiring and terminal are abnormal, check whether there are any foreign mate- rials or other environmental abnormalities, and take corresponding corrective measures when necessary. If the alarm persists, please contact SUNGROW.
264-283	MPPT Reverse Connection	 Check whether the corresponding string is of reverse polarity. If so, disconnect the DC switch and adjust the polarity when the string current drops below 0.5 A. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW. *The code 264 to code 279 are corresponding to string 1 to string 20 respectively.
332-363	Boost Capacitor Overvoltage Alarm	 The inverter can continue running. Check whether the related wiring and terminals are abnormal, check whether there are any foreign mate- rials or other environmental abnormalities, and take corresponding corrective measures when necessary. If the alarm persists, please contact SUNGROW.
364-395	Boost Capacitor Overvoltage Fault	 Disconnect the AC and DC switches, and disconnect the battery side switches if there are batteries. Close the AC and DC switches in turn 15 minutes later and restart the system. If the fault still exists, contact SUNGROW.

1. Check whether the number of PV modules of the corresponding string is less than other strings. If so, disconnect the DC switch and adjust the PV module configuration when the string current drops below 0.5 A.1548-1579String Current Reflux2. Check whether the PV module is shaded. 3. Disconnect the DC switch to check whether the open circuit voltage is normal when the string current drops below 0.5 A. If so, check the wiring and config- uration of the PV module. 4. Check whether the orientation of the PV module is abnormal.1600 - 1615, 1632 - 1655PV Grounding Fault1. When the fault occurs, it is forbidden to directly dis- connect the DC switch and unplug PV terminals when the direct current is greater than 0.5 A; 2. Wait until the direct current of the inverter falls be- low 0.5 A, then disconnect the DC switch and unplug the faulty strings; 3. Do not reinsert the faulty strings before the ground- ing fault is cleared; 4. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing reasons and still exists, contact Sungrow Customer Service.1616System Hardware Fault1. It is prohibited to disconnect the DC switch only when the fault occurs.1616System Hardware Fault2. Disconnect the DC switch only when the inverter DC side current is greater than 0.5 A	Alarm ID	Alarm Name	Corrective Measures
1548-1579String Current Refluxdisconnect the DC switch and adjust the PV module configuration when the string current drops below 0.5 A.1548-1579String Current Reflux2. Check whether the PV module is shaded. 3. Disconnect the DC switch to check whether the open circuit voltage is normal when the string current drops below 0.5 A. If so, check the wiring and config- uration of the PV module. 4. Check whether the orientation of the PV module is abnormal.1600 - 1615, 1632 - 1655PV Grounding Fault1. When the fault occurs, it is forbidden to directly disconnect the DC switch and unplug PV terminals when the direct current is greater than 0.5 A; 2. Wait until the direct current of the inverter falls be- low 0.5 A, then disconnect the DC switch and unplug the faulty strings; 3. Do not reinsert the faulty strings before the ground- ing fault is cleared; 4. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing reasons and still exists, contact Sungrow Customer Service.1616System Hardware Fault1. It is prohibited to disconnect the DC switch only when the inverter fault			1. Check whether the number of PV modules of the
1548-1579String Current RefluxConfiguration when the string current drops below 0.5 A.1548-1579String Current Reflux2. Check whether the PV module is shaded. 3. Disconnect the DC switch to check whether the open circuit voltage is normal when the string current drops below 0.5 A. If so, check the wiring and config- uration of the PV module. 4. Check whether the orientation of the PV module is abnormal.1600 - 1615, 1632 - 1655PV Grounding Fault1. When the fault occurs, it is forbidden to directly disconnect the DC switch and unplug PV terminals when the direct current is greater than 0.5 A; 2. Wait until the direct current of the inverter falls be- low 0.5 A, then disconnect the DC switch and unplug the faulty strings; 3. Do not reinsert the faulty strings before the ground- ing fault is cleared; 4. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing reasons and still exists, contact Sungrow Customer Service.1616System Hardware Fault1. Uis prohibited to disconnect the DC switch only when the inverter fault			corresponding string is less than other strings. If so,
A.1548-1579String Current Reflux2. Check whether the PV module is shaded. 3. Disconnect the DC switch to check whether the open circuit voltage is normal when the string current drops below 0.5 A. If so, check the wiring and config- uration of the PV module. 4. Check whether the orientation of the PV module is abnormal.1600 - 1615, 1632 - 1655PV Grounding Fault1. When the fault occurs, it is forbidden to directly dis- connect the DC switch and unplug PV terminals when the direct current is greater than 0.5 A; 2. Wait until the direct current of the inverter falls be- low 0.5 A, then disconnect the DC switch and unplug the faulty strings; 3. Do not reinsert the faulty strings before the ground- ing fault is cleared; 4. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing reasons and still exists, contact Sungrow Customer Service.1616System Hardware Fault1. It is prohibited to disconnect the DC switch only when the inverter1616System Hardware Fault2. Disconnect the DC switch only when the inverter			disconnect the DC switch and adjust the PV module
String Current Reflux2. Check whether the PV module is shaded.1548-1579String Current Reflux3. Disconnect the DC switch to check whether the open circuit voltage is normal when the string current drops below 0.5 A. If so, check the wiring and config- uration of the PV module.4. Check whether the orientation of the PV module is abnormal.4. Check whether the orientation of the PV module is connect the DC switch and unplug PV terminals when the direct current is greater than 0.5 A; 2. Wait until the direct current of the inverter falls be- low 0.5 A, then disconnect the DC switch and unplug the faulty strings; 3. Do not reinsert the faulty strings before the ground- ing fault is cleared; 4. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing reasons and still exists, contact Sungrow Customer Service.1616System Hardware Fault1. It is prohibited to disconnect the DC switch only when the inverter			configuration when the string current drops below 0.5
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1616System Hardware Faulturation of the PV module.1616System Hardware Fault1. When the fault occurs, it is forbidden to directly disconnect the DC switch and unplug PV terminals when the direct current is greater than 0.5 A; 2. Wait until the direct current of the inverter falls be- low 0.5 A, then disconnect the DC switch and unplug the faulty strings; 3. Do not reinsert the faulty strings before the ground- ing fault is cleared; 4. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing reasons and still exists, contact Sungrow Customer Service.1616System Hardware Fault			open circuit voltage is normal when the string current
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1600 - 1615, 1632 - 1655PV Grounding Fault2. Wait until the direct current of the inverter falls be- low 0.5 A, then disconnect the DC switch and unplug the faulty strings; 3. Do not reinsert the faulty strings before the ground- ing fault is cleared; 4. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing reasons and still exists, contact Sungrow Customer Service.1616System Hardware Fault1. It is prohibited to disconnect the DC switch when the DC current is greater than 0.5 A when the fault occurs.1616System Hardware Fault2. Disconnect the DC switch only when the inverter			connect the DC switch and unplug PV terminals when
1600 - 1615, 1632 - 1655PV Grounding Faultlow 0.5 A, then disconnect the DC switch and unplug the faulty strings; 3. Do not reinsert the faulty strings before the ground- ing fault is cleared; 4. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing reasons and still exists, contact Sungrow Customer Service.1616System Hardware Fault1. It is prohibited to disconnect the DC switch when the DC current is greater than 0.5 A when the fault occurs.1616System Hardware Fault2. Disconnect the DC switch only when the inverter			the direct current is greater than 0.5 A;
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3. Do not reinsert the faulty strings before the ground-ing fault is cleared; 4. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing reasons and still exists, contact Sungrow Customer Service. 1. It is prohibited to disconnect the DC switch when the DC current is greater than 0.5 A when the fault occurs. 1616 System Hardware Fault 2. Disconnect the DC switch only when the inverter	1600 - 1615,	PV Grounding	low 0.5 A, then disconnect the DC switch and unplug
1616 System Hardware Fault 1616 System Hardware Fault	1632 - 1655	Fault	the faulty strings;
1616 System Hardware Fault 4. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing reasons and still exists, contact Sungrow Customer Service. 1. It is prohibited to disconnect the DC switch when the DC current is greater than 0.5 A when the fault occurs. 2. Disconnect the DC switch only when the inverter			3. Do not reinsert the faulty strings before the ground-
1616 And still exists, contact Sungrow Customer Service. 1. It is prohibited to disconnect the DC switch when the DC current is greater than 0.5 A when the fault occurs. 2. Disconnect the DC switch only when the inverter Fault			ing fault is cleared;
1. It is prohibited to disconnect the DC switch when the DC current is greater than 0.5 A when the fault occurs. 2. Disconnect the DC switch only when the inverter			4. If the fault is not caused by the foregoing reasons
 the DC current is greater than 0.5 A when the fault occurs. System Hardware Fault 			and still exists, contact Sungrow Customer Service.
occurs. System Hardware Fault Fault			1. It is prohibited to disconnect the DC switch when
1616 System Hardware 2. Disconnect the DC switch only when the inverter Fault			the DC current is greater than 0.5 A when the fault
1616 2. Disconnect the DC switch only when the inverter Fault		System Hardwara	occurs.
	1616	-	2. Disconnect the DC switch only when the inverter
DC side current drops below 0.5 A.			DC side current drops below 0.5 A.
3. It is prohibited to power up the inverter again.			3. It is prohibited to power up the inverter again.
Please contact Sungrow Customer Service.			Please contact Sungrow Customer Service.

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If the communication cable between the hybrid inverter and the battery is not connected correctly during the first installation, the battery may not work properly or the parameter information of the battery may not be displayed on the inverter. Please check the communication cable to ensure a correct connection.

10.2 Maintenance

10.2.1 Maintenance Notices

The DC switch can be secured with a lock in the OFF position or a certain angle beyond the OFF position.(For countries "AU" and "NZ")

DANGER

Risk of inverter damage or personal injury due to incorrect service!

- Be sure to use special insulation tools when perform high-voltage operations.
- Before any service work, first disconnect the grid-side AC circuit breaker and check the inverter status. If the inverter indicator is off, please wait until night to disconnect the DC switch. If the inverter indicator is on, directly disconnect the DC switch.
- After the inverter is powered off for 10 minutes, measure the voltage and current with professional instrument. Only when there is no voltage nor current can operators who wear protective equipment operate and maintain the inverter
- Even if the inverter is shut down, it may still be hot and cause burns. Wear protective gloves before operating the inverter after it cools down.
- When maintaining the product, it is strictly prohibited to open the product if there is an odor or smoke or if the product appearance is abnormal. If there is no odor, smoke, or obvious abnormal appearance, repair or restart the inverter according to the alarm corrective measures. Avoid standing directly in front of the inverter during maintenance.

ACAUTION

To prevent misuse or accidents caused by unrelated personnel: Post prominent warning signs or demarcate safety warning areas around the inverter to prevent accidents caused by misuse.

NOTICE

Restart the inverter only after removing the fault that impairs safety performance. As the inverter contains no component parts that can be maintained, never open the enclosure, or replace any internal components.

To avoid the risk of electric shock, do not perform any other maintenance operations beyond those described in this manual. If necessary, contact your distributor first. If the problem persists, contact SUNGROW. Otherwise, the losses caused is not covered by the warranty.

NOTICE

Touching the PCB or other static sensitive components may cause damage to the device.

- Do not touch the circuit board unnecessarily.
- Observe the regulations to protect against electrostatic and wear an anti-static wrist strap.

10.2.2 Routine Maintenance

Item	Method	Period	
	Check the temperature and dust of the	Six months to a year	
Device clean	inverter. Clean the inverter enclosure if	(depending on the dust con-	
_	necessary.	tents in air)	
	Check whether all cable are firmly con-		
Electrical	nected in place.	6 months after commissioning	
connection	Check whether there is damage to the	and then once or twice a year	
connection	cables, especially the surface in con-	and then once of twice a year	
	tact with metal.		
	Visual check for any damage or de- formation of the inverter.		
General status of the system	• Check any abnormal noise during the operation.	Every 6 months	
	Check each operation parameter.		
	• Be sure that nothing covers the heat sink of the inverter.		

11 Appendix

11.1 Technical Data

Parameter	SH3.0RS	SH3.6RS	
Input (DC)			
Recommended max. PV input	10000 Wp	10700 Wp	
power Max. PV input voltage	600		
	600	V	
Min. operating PV voltage / Start- up input voltage	40 V / 5	50 V	
Rated PV input voltage	360	V	
MPP voltage range	40 V - 5		
No. of independent MPP inputs	2	00 V	
Default No. of PV strings per	Ζ		
MPPT	1		
Max. PV input current	32 A (16 A / 16 A)		
Max. DC short-circuit current	40 A (20 A	,	
Input / Output (AC)			
Max. AC input power from grid	10000 VA	10700 VA	
Rated AC output power	3000 W	3680 W	
Max. AC output power	3000 VA	3680 VA	
Rated AC output apparent power	3000 VA	3680 VA	
Rated AC output current (at 230V)	13.1 A	16.0 A	
Max. AC output current	13.7 A	16.0 A	
Rated AC voltage	220 V / 230	V / 240 V	
AC voltage range	154 V - 2	276 V	
Rated grid frequency / Grid fre-	50Hz / 45	- 55Hz	
quency range	60Hz / 55 - 65Hz		
Harmonic (THD)	< 3 % (of rated power)		
Dower factor of roted power / Ad	> 0.99 at default value at rated power		
Power factor at rated power / Ad- justable power factor	(adj. 0.8 overexcited / leading to 0.8 underexcited / lagging)		
Feed-in phases / connection phases	1/1		

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Parameter	SH3.0RS	SH3.6RS	
Efficiency			
Max. efficiency / European			
efficiency	97.4% / 97.0%	97.5% / 97.1%	
Protection			
Grid monitoring	Yes		
DC reverse polarity protection	Yes		
AC short circuit protection	Yes		
Leakage current protection	Yes		
Surge Protection	DC Type II / AC	С Туре II	
DC switch (solar)	Yes		
DC fuse (battery)	Yes		
PID recovery function	Yes		
Battery input reverse polarity			
protection	Yes		
Battery Data			
Battery type	Li-ion battery		
Battery voltage	80 V - 460	0 V	
Max. charge / discharge current	30 A / 30	A	
Max. charge / discharge power	6600 W		
General Data			
Dimensions (W x H x D)	490 mm x 340 mn	n x 170 mm	
Weight	18.5 kg	3	
Mounting method	Wall-mounting	bracket	
Topology (Solar / Battery)	Transformerless / Transformerl	ansformerless	
Degree of protection	IP65		
Operating ambient temperature		200	
range	-25°C to 6	0.0	
Allowable relative humidity range	0 - 100 9	%	
Cooling method	Natural conv	rection	
Max. operating altitude	4000 m	ו	
Display	LED digital display,	LED indicator	
Communication	RS485 / Ethernet /	WLAN / CAN	
DI / DO	DI * 4 / DO * 1 / DRM		
DC connection type	MC4 (PV) / Sunclix (Battery) / Evo2 Compatible		
	(Battery)		
AC connection type	Plug and p	olay	
Country of manufacture	China		
Backup Data (on grid mode)			

Parameter	SI	13.0RS	SH3.6RS	
Rated output power for backup				
load		6000 W		
Rated output current for backup		27.3 A		
load		21.5 A		
Backup Data (off-grid mode)				
Rated voltage		220 V / 230 V / 240) V (±2 %)	
Frequency range		50 Hz / 60 Hz (±	0.2 %)	
Total output THDv for linear load		< 2 %		
Switch time to emergency mode		< 10 ms		
Rated output power	3000 V	V / 3000 VA	3680 W / 3680 VA	
Peak output power		8400 VA,1	0s	
Parameter	SH4.0RS	SH5.0RS/ SH5.0RS-ADA	SH6.0RS/ SH6.0RS-ADA	
Input (DC)				
Recommended max. PV	11000 \\/-	10000 \\/	12000 \\/-	
input power	11000 Wp	12000 Wp	13000 Wp	
Max. PV input voltage		600 V		
Min. operating PV voltage /		40 \/ / 50 \/		
Start-up input voltage		40 V / 50 V		
Rated PV input voltage		360 V		
MPP voltage range		40 V - 560 V		
No. of independent MPP		0		
inputs		2		
Default No. of PV strings per MPPT		1		
Max. PV input current		32 A (16 A / 16 A	۹)	
Max. DC short-circuit				
current		40 A (20 A / 20 A	4)	
Input / Output (AC)				
Max. AC input power from	11000 \/A		12000 \/A	
grid	11000 VA	12000 VA	13000 VA	
		4999 W for "AU	J",	
Rated AC output power	4000 W	5000 W for	6000 W	
		others		
		4999 VA for "AL	J",	
Max. AC output power	4000 VA	5000 VA for	6000 VA	
		others		

		SH5.0RS/	SH6.0RS/
Parameter	SH4.0RS	SH5.0RS-ADA	SH6.0RS-ADA
		4999 VA for "AU",	
Rated AC output apparent	4000 VA	5000 VA for	6000 VA
power		others	
Rated AC output current	17.4 A	21.7 A for "AU",	26.1 A
(at 230V)	17.4 A	21.8 A for others	20.1 A
Max. AC output current	18.2 A	21.7 A for "AU",	27.3 A
	10.27	22.8 A for others	21.07
Rated AC voltage		220 V / 230 V / 240 V	
AC voltage range		154 V - 276 V	
Rated grid frequency / Grid		50Hz / 45 - 55Hz	
frequency range		60Hz / 55 - 65Hz	
Harmonic (THD)		< 3 % (of rated power)	
Power factor at rated	> 0.99 a	at default value at rated	power
power / Ajustable power		ted / leading-0.8 under	-
factor		ieu, ieuung eie under	
Feed-in phases / connec-		1/1	
tion phases			
Efficiency			
Max. efficiency / European	97.6% / 97.2%	97.7% / 97.3%	97.7% / 97.3%
efficiency Protection			
Grid monitoring		Yes	
DC reverse polarity		100	
protection		Yes	
AC short circuit protection		Yes	
Leakage current protection		Yes	
Surge protection		DC Type II /AC Type II	
DC switch (solar)		Yes	
DC fuse (battery)		Yes	
PID recovery		Yes	
Battery input reverse polar-		100	
ity protection		Yes	
Battery Data			
Battery type		Li-ion battery	
Battery voltage	80 V - 460 V		
Max. charge / discharge			
current		30 A / 30 A	

Parameter	SH4.0RS	SH5.0RS/	SH6.0RS/
Max abarga / disabarga		SH5.0RS-ADA	SH6.0RS-ADA
Max. charge / discharge power		6600 W	
General Data			
Dimensions (W x H x D)	490 mm x 340 mm x 170 mm		
Weight	18.5 kg		
Mounting method	Wall-mounting bracket		
Topology (solar / battery)	Transformerless / Transformerless		
Degree of protection		IP65	
Operating ambient temper-	-25°C to 60°C		
ature range			
Allowable relative humidity	0 - 100 %		
range			
Cooling method	Natural convection		
Max. operating altitude	4000 m		
Display	LED digital display, LED indicator		
Communication	RS485 / Ethernet / WLAN / CAN		
DI / DO	DI * 4 / DO * 1 / DRM		
DC connection type	MC4 (PV) / Sunclix (Battery) / Evo2 Compatible (Battery)		
AC connection type	Plug and play		
Country of manufacture	China		
Backup Data (on grid mode)			
Rated output power for	6000 W		
backup load			
Rated output current for	27.3 A		
backup load			
Backup Data (off-grid mo	de)		
Rated voltage	220 V / 230 V / 240 V (±2 %)		
Frequency range	50 Hz / 60 Hz (±0.2 %)		
Total output THDv for line-	< 2 %		
ar load			
Switch time to emergency		< 10mg	
mode		< 10ms	
Rated output power	4000 W / 4000 VA	5000 W / 5000 VA	6000 W / 6000 VA
Peak output power		8400VA,10s	

11.2 Quality Assurance

When product faults occur during the warranty period, SUNGROW will provide free service or replace the product with a new one.

Evidence

During the warranty period, the customer shall provide the product purchase invoice and date. In addition, the trademark on the product shall be undamaged and legible. Otherwise, SUNGROW has the right to refuse to honor the quality guarantee.

Conditions

- After replacement, unqualified products shall be processed by SUNGROW.
- The customer shall give SUNGROW a reasonable period to repair the faulty device.

Exclusion of Liability

In the following circumstances, SUNGROW has the right to refuse to honor the quality guarantee:

- The free warranty period for the whole machine/components has expired.
- The device is damaged during transport.
- The device is incorrectly installed, refitted, or used.
- The device operates in harsh conditions beyond those described in this manual.
- The fault or damage is caused by installation, repairs, modification, or disassembly performed by a service provider or personnel not from SUNGROW.
- The fault or damage is caused by the use of non-standard or non-SUNGROW components or software.
- The installation and use range are beyond stipulations of relevant international standards.
- The damage is caused by unexpected natural factors.

For faulty products in any of above cases, if the customer requests maintenance, paid maintenance service may be provided based on the judgment of SUNGROW.

11.3 Contact Information

In case of questions about this product, please contact us. We need the following information to provide you the best assistance:

- Model of the device
- Serial number of the device
- Fault code/name
- Brief description of the problem

For detailed contact information, please visit: https://en.sungrowpower.com/contactUS